

# 2020 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS\*

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<sup>\*</sup> This information forms an intregral part of the Annual Financial Report as provided in Article L.451-1-2 of the French Monetary and Financial Code.

L'Oréal S.A. is a French company, with its registered office in France. It performs a sales activity that is specific to France.

At the same time, L'Oréal S.A. acts as a holding company and provides strategic coordination on the one hand and scientific, industrial and marketing coordination for the L'Oréal Group throughout the world on the other.

The subsidiaries operate the Group's business activities in the country or region in which they are located. To do so, they define the strategy specific to their market, make the most suitable choices, and manufacture, directly or indirectly, and market the products they decide to sell on their market.

Almost all of the subsidiaries are owned by L'Oréal S.A. which has a holding or control percentage equal or close to 100%.

The financial statements set out in this chapter present the results of the L'Oréal Group as a whole, including all subsidiaries.

The Statutory Auditors' Report on the consolidated financial statements has been included at the end of this chapter.

# 5.1. COMPARED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

€ millions	Notes	2020	2019	2018
Net sales	3.1	27,992.1	29,873.6	26,937.4
Cost of sales		-7,532.3	-8,064.7	-7,331.6
Gross profit		20,459.8	21,808.9	19,605.8
Research & innovation expenses		-964.4	-985.3	-914.4
Advertising and promotion expenses		-8,647.9	-9,207.8	-8,144.7
Selling, general and administrative expenses		-5,638.5	-6,068.3	-5,624.7
Operating profit	3.1	5,209.0	5,547.5	4,922.0
Other income and expenses	4	-709.0	-436.5	-94.7
Operational profit		4,500.0	5,111.0	4,827.3
Finance costs on gross debt		-79.2	-75.4	-34.8
Finance income on cash and cash equivalents		19.8	28.7	47.9
Finance costs, net		-59.4	-46.7	13.1
Other financial income and expenses	9.4	-36.5	-16.0	-15.0
Sanofi dividends		372.4	363.0	358.3
Profit before tax and associates		4,776.5	5,411.4	5,183.7
Income tax	6	-1,209.8	-1,657.2	-1,284.3
Share of profit in associates		0.9	1.0	0.1
Net profit		3,567.6	3,755.2	3,899.5
Attributable to:				
owners of the company		3,563.4	3,750.0	3,895.4
non-controlling interests		4.2	5.2	4.1
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the company (euros)		6.37	6.70	6.96
Diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the company (euros)		6.34	6.66	6.92
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the company, excluding non-recurring items (euros)	11.4	7.33	7.78	7.13
Diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the company excluding non-recurring items (euros)	11.4	7.30	7.74	7.08

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

# 5.2. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

€ millions No	otes	2020	2019	2018
Consolidated net profit for the period		3,567.6	3,755.2	3,899.5
Cash flow hedges		129.1	2.9	-60.3
Cumulative translation adjustments		-790.2	188.2	126.4
Income tax on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss (1)		-23.3	-1.9	14.8
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss		-684.4	189.2	80.9
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9.3	-1,269.1	1,650.6	450.5
Actuarial gains and losses	11.3	-225.6	-327.7	-58.5
Income tax on items that may not be reclassified to profit or loss (1)		97.8	29.7	0.5
Items that may not be reclassified to profit or loss		-1,396.9	1,352.6	392.5
Other comprehensive income		-2,081.3	1,541.8	473.4
Consolidated comprehensive income		1,486.3	5,297.0	4,372.9
Attributable to:				
owners of the company		1,482.1	5,291.9	4,368.7
non-controlling interests		4.2	5.1	4.2

<sup>(1)</sup> The tax effect is as follows:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Cash flow hedges	-23.3	-1.9	14.8
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	-23.3	-1.9	14.8
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	40.4	-51. <i>7</i>	-14.0
Actuarial gains and losses	57.4	81.4	14.5
Items that may not be reclassified to profit or loss	97.8	29.7	0.5
TOTAL	74.5	27.8	15.4

# 5.3. COMPARED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

#### Assets

€ millions	Notes	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Non-current assets		29,046.8	29,893.3	25,991.2
Goodwill	7.1	10,514.2	9,585.6	9,597.1
Other intangible assets	7.2	3,356.3	3,163.8	3,087.3
Right-of-use assets	3.2	1,525.3	1,892.3	-
Property, plant and equipment	3.2	3,225.2	3,644.3	3,624.6
Non-current financial assets	9.3	9,604.8	10,819.1	9,100.5
Investments in associates	8	11.1	10.9	9.0
Deferred tax assets	6.3	809.9	777.3	572.7
Current assets		14,560.1	13,916.5	12,466.3
Inventories	3.3	2,675.8	2,920.8	2,821.9
Trade accounts receivable	3.3	3,511.3	4,086.7	3,983.2
Other current assets	3.3	1,732.7	1,474.9	1,509.1
Current tax assets		234.4	148.1	160.1
Cash and cash equivalents	9.2	6,405.9	5,286.0	3,992.0
TOTAL		43,606.9	43,809.8	38,457.5

#### **Equity and liabilities**

€ millions	Notes	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Equity	11	28,998.8	29,426.0	26,933.6
Share capital		112.0	111.6	112.1
Additional paid-in capital		3,259.8	3,130.2	3,070.3
Other reserves		18,642.5	16,930.9	15,952.5
Other comprehensive income		4,304.5	5,595.8	4,242.1
Cumulative translation adjustments		-889.2	-99.2	-287.4
Treasury shares		-	-	-56.5
Net profit attributable to owners of the company		3,563.4	3,750.0	3,895.4
Equity attributable to owners of the company		28,993.0	29,419.3	26,928.4
Non-controlling interests		5.8	6.7	5.2
Non-current liabilities		3,478.0	3,515.3	1,412.2
Provisions for employee retirement obligations and related benefits	5.4	1,013.5	772.9	388.9
Provisions for liabilities and charges	12.1	56.8	56.9	47.6
Non-current tax liabilities	6	397.9	310.2	288.5
Deferred tax liabilities	6.3	706.6	737.7	673.7
Non-current borrowings and debt	9.1	8.5	9.6	13.5
Non-current lease debt	9.1	1,294.7	1,628.0	-
Current liabilities		11,130.1	10,868.5	10,111.6
Trade accounts payable		4,764.5	4,658.4	4,550.0
Provisions for liabilities and charges	12.1	1,224.7	1,117.8	979.8
Other current liabilities	3.4	3,682.5	3,508.5	3,138.9
Income tax		215.1	334.8	215.1
Current borrowings and debt	9.1	856.4	841.2	1,227.8
Current lease debt	9.1	386.9	407.9	-
TOTAL		43,606.9	43,809.8	38,457.5

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY **5.4.**

€millions	Common shares outstandina	Share capital	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings and net profit	Other comprehensive income		Cumulative translation adjustments	Equity attributable to owners of the company	Non- controlling interests	Equity
At 31.12.2017	559,747,963	112.1	2,935.3	18.343.3	3,895.0	-56.5	-413.5	24,815.7	2.8	24,818.5
Change in accounting policy at 01.01.2018	007,747,700	112.1	2,700.0	-12.0	0,070.0	00.0	410.0	-12.0	-0.9	-12.9
At 01.01.2018 (1)	559,747,963	112.1	2,935.3	18,331.3	3,895.0	-56.5	-413.5	24,803.7	1.9	24,805.6
Consolidated net profit for the period			_,,,,,,,,	3,895.4	3,0100			3,895.4	4.1	3,899.5
Cash flow hedges					-45.3			-45.3	-0.2	-45.5
Cumulative translation adjustments							114.5	114.5	0.3	114.8
Hyperinflation							11.6	11.6		11.6
Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit and loss					-45.3		126.1	80.8	0.1	80.9
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					436.5			436.5		436.5
Actuarial gains and losses					-44.0			-44.0		-44.0
Other comprehensive income that may not be reclassified to profit and loss					392.5			392.5	-	392.5
Consolidated comprehensive income				3,895.4	347.2		126.1	4,368.7	4.2	4,372.9
Capital increase	2,375,378	0.5	135.0	-0.2				135.3		135.3
Cancellation of Treasury shares		-0.5		-498.9		499.4		-		
Dividends paid (not paid on Treasury shares)				-2,006.6				-2,006.6	-3.8	-2,010.4
Share-based payment				126.4				126.4		126.4
Net changes in Treasury shares	-2,497,814					-499.4		-499.4		-499.4
Changes in the scope of consolidation				-2.9				-2.9	2.9	
Other movements				3.4	-0.1			3.3		3.3
At 31.12.2018	559,625,527	112.1	3,070.3	19,847.8	4,242.1	-56.5	-287.4	26,928.4	5.2	26,933.6
Change in accounting policy at 01.01.2019				-81.5				-81.5		-81.5
At 01.01.2019 (2)	559,625,527	112.1	3,070.3	19,766.3	4,242.1	-56.5	-287.4	26,847.0	5.2	26,852.2
Consolidated net profit for the period				3,750.0				3,750.0	5.2	3,755.2
Cash flow hedges					1.1			1.1	-0.1	1.0
Cumulative translation adjustments							174.1	174.1		174.1
Hyperinflation							14.1	14.1	0.0	14.1
Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit and loss					1.1		188.2	189.3	-0.1	189.2
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					1,598.9			1,598.9		1,598.9
Actuarial gains and losses					-246.3			-246.3		-246.3
Other comprehensive income that may not be reclassified to profit and loss					1,352.6			1,352.6	-	1,352.6
Consolidated comprehensive income				3,750.0	1,353.7		188.2	5,291.9	5.1	5,297.0
Capital increase	1,491,678	0.3	59.9	-0.1				60.0		60.0
Cancellation of Treasury shares		-0.8		-803.0		803.8		-		
Dividends paid (not paid on Treasury shares)				-2,176.7				-2,176.7	-3.6	-2,180.3
Share-based payment				144.4				144.4		144.4
Net changes in Treasury shares	-3,000,000					-747.3		-747.3		-747.3
Purchase commitments for non- controlling interests								-		-
Changes in the scope of consolidation								-		
Other movements				-0.1				-0.1		-0.1
At 31.12.2019	558,117,205	111.6	3,130.2	20,680.9	5,595.8	0.0	-99.2	29,419.3	6.7	29,426.0

<sup>(1)</sup> After taking account of the change in accounting policy pertaining to IFR\$ 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (note 1).
(2) After taking account of the change in accounting policy pertaining to IFR\$ 16 "Leases" (note 1).

#### **2020 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Consolidated statements of changes in equity

€ millions	Common shares outstanding	Share capital	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings and net profit	Other comprehensive income	Cumulative Treasury translation shares adjustments	Equity attributable to owners of the company	Non- controlling interests	Equity
At 31.12.2019	558,117,205	111.6	3,130.2	20,681.0	5,595.8	-99.2	29,419.3	6.7	29,426.0
Consolidated net profit for the period				3,563.4			3,563.4	4.2	3,567.6
Cash flow hedges					105.6		105.6	0.2	105.8
Cumulative translation adjustments						-801.8	-801.8	-0.3	-802.1
Hyperinflation						11.9	11.9		11.9
Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit and loss					105.6	-789.9	-684.3	-0.1	-684.4
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					-1,228.8		-1,228.8		-1,228.8
Actuarial gains and losses					-168.1		-168.1		-168.1
Other comprehensive income that may not be reclassified to profit and loss					-1,396.9		-1,396.9		-1,396.9
Consolidated comprehensive income				3,563.4	-1,291.3	-789.9	1,482.1	4.2	1,486.3
Capital increase	1,754,375	0.4	129.6	-0.2			129.8		129.8
Cancellation of Treasury shares									
Dividends paid (not paid on Treasury shares)				-2,172.6			-2,172.6	-4.9	-2,177.5
Share-based payment				129.7			129.7		129.7
Net changes in Treasury shares									
Purchase commitments for non- controlling interests									
Changes in the scope of consolidation									
Other movements				4.8			4.8	-0.1	4.7
At 31.12.2020	559,871,580	112.0	3,259.8	22,206.0	4,304.5	-889.1	28,993.0	5.8	28,998.8

Compared consolidated statements of cash flows

#### 5.5. COMPARED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

€ millions	Notes	2020	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net profit attributable to owners of the company		3,563.4	3,750.0	3,895.4
Non-controlling interests		4.2	5.2	4.1
Elimination of expenses and income with no impact on cash flows:				
depreciation, amortisation, provisions and non-current tax liabilities		2,028.1	1,958.3	1,109.3
changes in deferred taxes	6.1	-10.1	-42.5	43.0
compensation expense for free share plans	5.5	129.7	144.4	126.4
capital gains and losses on disposals of assets		3.6	-14.0	-2.7
Other non-cash transactions		5.8	1.9	2.7
Share of profit in associates net of dividends received		-0.6	-1.0	-0.1
Gross cash flow		5,724.1	5,802.3	5,178.1
Changes in working capital	3.5	729.2	460.5	113.8
Net cash provided by operating activities (A)		6,453.3	6,262.8	5,291.9
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchases of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		-972.4	-1,231.0	-1,416.1
Disposals of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		26.6	16.6	5.6
Changes in other financial assets (including investments in non-consolidated companies)		-66.5	-65.9	61.0
Effect of changes in the scope of consolidation	2.2	-1,626.8	-9.3	-666.5
Net cash from investing activities (B)		-2,639.1	-1,289.6	-2,016.0
Cash flows from financing activities				
Dividends paid		-2,190.6	-2,221.1	-2,061.4
Capital increase of the parent company		129.7	60.0	135.3
Disposal (acquisition) of Treasury shares		-	-747.3	-499.4
Purchase of non-controlling interests		-	-	-
Issuance (repayment) of short-term loans		-74.8	-354.9	62.3
Issuance of long-term borrowings		-	-	-
Repayment of long-term borrowings		-3.6	-0.6	-4.3
Repayment of lease debt		-451.8	-425.8	-
Net cash from financing activities (C)		-2,591.1	-3,689.6	-2,367.5
Net effect of changes in exchange rates and fair value (D)		-103.2	10.5	36.9
Change in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C+D)		1,119.9	1,294.0	945.4
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (E)		5,286.0	3,992.0	3,046.6
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (A+B+C+D+E+F)	9.2	6,405.9	5,286.0	3,992.0

Income tax paid totalled  $\{1,316.3 \text{ million}, \{1,534.3 \text{ million}, \text{and } \{1,098.4 \text{ million} \text{ for 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively.}$ 

Interest paid (excluding interest on lease debts) amounted to  $\in$ 32.4 million,  $\in$ 21.6 million, and  $\in$ 35.3 million for 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Dividends received totalled  $\$ 372.5 million,  $\$ 364.1 million and  $\$ 358.3 million for 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively. These are included within the gross cash flow.

Cash outflows relating to leases amounted to €574.1 million (of which €44.7 million related to interest paid on lease debt) and €570.8 million (of which €54.4 million related to interest paid on lease debt) including leases that do not fall under the scope of IFRS 16 for 2020 and 2019.

#### 5.6. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### **NOTE 1.** Accounting principles

The consolidated financial statements of L'Oréal and its subsidiaries ("the Group") published for 2020, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted in the European Union as of 31 December 2020.

On 11 February 2021, the Board of Directors closed the consolidated financial statements at 31 December 2020. The financial statements will not become final until they have been approved by the Annual General Meeting of shareholders to be held on 20 April 2021.

The Group did not anticipate any standards or interpretations not mandatorily applicable in 2020.

#### Closing context - Covid-19

The year 2020 saw lockdown measures in several countries in which L'Oréal operates. Against this backdrop, business slowed and the Group introduced very strict measures in terms of operational budget discipline, with a freeze on the worldwide headcount, a freeze on travel, a reduction in non-essential spending, and a thorough review of business drivers and investments.

With the spread of the Covid-19 virus, one of L'Oréal's absolute priorities was to offer the Group's aid and support wherever possible. Thus, across the globe, L'Oréal chose to help its small professional customers and perfumeries by deferring payment of accounts receivable in view of their cash flow difficulties, until their business activity resumes. Most of the credit risk is covered by insurance policies. Among other measures, for the most exposed suppliers, L'Oréal shortened payment terms.

Health measures were also put in place. Due to their entirely exceptional nature during the first half of the year, the costs incurred by these measures have been classified as *Other operating income and expenses*. L'Oréal also included in this category costs incurred during the first half of the year by the total suspension of activity related to the lockdowns imposed by local authorities. This covered very specific time periods. These non-recurring costs correspond to the exceptional financial impact borne by the Group over clearly defined lockdown periods (see note 4). These two types of costs in no way represent the total effect of the significant slowdown in Group activity due to the Covid-19 impact.

In addition, during the first half of the year, the Group secured a syndicated loan for  $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathfrak{C}}3.6}$  billion euros, half of which was cancelled during the second half of 2020. At 31 December 2020, this loan remained unused.

# Amendments and interpretations applied in 2020: IFRS 16 "Leases"

At 31 December 2020, the Group completed its analysis of the IFRS Interpretation Committee (IC) decision dated 26 November 2019. This decision relates to the duration of certain leases (indefinite term or short initial contractual term which is automatically renewable) as well as to the depreciation period for fixtures and fittings that are inseparable from the leased asset. This decision does not have a significant impact at the Group level.

The Group applied the amendment to IFRS 16, adopted by the European Union on 12 October 2020, relating to Covid-19-related rent relief reducing lease payments due on or before 30 June 2021. The amendment allows changes in terms of rent relief to be recognized immediately in income rather than spread over the term of the contract.

The impact is not material at the Group level.

# Change in accounting policy applied at 1 January 2019: IFRS 16 "Leases"

This standard took effect on 1 January 2019.

Key changes resulting from the standard are as follows:

 Accounting for operating leases as of 1 January 2019: all leases are accounted for under a single model consisting of recording a debt (present value of future lease payments) and a right-of-use asset.

The lease term is the non-cancellable period of each lease unless the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the contractual renewal options.

The right of use is amortised over the expected term of the lease.

The discount rate used to assess the lease debt corresponds to the effective annual interest rate for each lease. We calculate it using the zero interest rate coupons received per currency and per maturity tranche, plus the Group credit spread.

L'Oréal selected the simplified retrospective approach, and has measured the right of use of almost all its leases by determining their book value from the lease start date.

- 95% of the capitalised leases are property leases, including country head offices, stores and distribution centres. Other types of leases involve vehicle fleets, traditional handling equipment and packaging tools and equipment.
- Low value leases and leases that ended in 2019 are not included in the scope.
- On initial recognition, deferred tax is recognised.
- The restated balance sheet at 1 January 2019 is as follows:

€ millions		€ millions	
ASSETS		EQUITY & LIABILITIES	
		Equity	-82
Other intangible assets/ property, plant and equipment	-92	Deferred tax liabilities	-10
Right-of-use assets	2,005	Non-current lease debt	1,751
Deferred tax assets	19	Other current liabilities	-129
Other current assets	2	Current lease debt	404
TOTAL	1,934	TOTAL	1,934

# Change in accounting policy applied at 1 January 2019: Application of IFRIC 23

The application since 1 January 2019 of IFRIC 23 "Uncertainty Over Income Tax Treatments" has led to the reclassification of uncertain tax provisions as *Non-current tax liabilities*.

# Change in accounting policy applied at 1 January 2018: IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

This standard took effect on 1 January 2018.

The main change identified concerns the Group's relationships with distributors with respect to which the view was taken that the distributor acted as agent and not as principal. Net sales are now recognised upon sale of products to the end customer.

The standard is applied retrospectively by recognising the cumulative effect of the initial application in equity on 1 January 2018. The impact of this new accounting policy is not material on the income statement, and in 2018 resulted in a  $\[mathred]{c}$ 28.2 million increase in net sales, offset by a corresponding increase in expenses.

This change resulted in a  $\[ \]$ 12.9 million reduction in equity, offset by a  $\[ \]$ 5.2 million increase in inventories, a  $\[ \]$ 1.7 million increase in deferred assets and  $\[ \]$ 19.8 million in other liabilities.

#### 1.1. Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with international accounting standards requires that the Group make a certain number of estimates and assumptions that may affect the value of the Group's assets, liabilities, equity and net profit (loss).

These estimates and assumptions mainly concern the measurement of goodwill and other intangible assets, operating lease terms, provisions, non-current tax liabilities, pension obligations, deferred taxes and share-based payments. Estimates used by the Group in relation to these different areas are made based on information available when the accounts are prepared and are described in detail in each specific associated note.

#### **1.2.** Scope and methods of consolidation

All companies included in the scope of consolidation have a financial year ending 31 December or close their accounts on that date.

All companies directly or indirectly controlled by the parent company L'Oréal have been fully consolidated.

Group companies that are jointly controlled with a limited number of other shareholders under a contractual agreement are consolidated under the equity method in accordance with IFRS 11.

Associates over which the Group has a significant influence have been accounted for by the equity method.

#### **2020 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

# **1.3.** Translation of the accounts of foreign subsidiaries

The assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated at closing exchange rates. Income statement items are translated at average exchange rates for the year.

The resulting translation difference attributable to the Group is entered directly under equity under the item Cumulative translation adjustments, while the translation difference attributable to non-controlling interests is recognised under the Non-controlling interests item.

#### NOTE 2. Main events of the period

#### **2.1.** Changes in the scope of consolidation

#### 2.1.1. Year 2020

#### **Acquisitions**

On 31 March 2020, L'Oréal finalised the acquisition of the Mugler and Azzaro brands and perfumes belonging to the Clarins group for a cash amount of €1.3 billion, net of cash acquired.

This acquisition has been fully consolidated since that date.

On 18 June 2020, L'Oréal announced the acquisition of US skincare brand Thayers Natural Remedies. The brand will be integrated into L'Oréal's Consumer Products Division.

The distribution strategy, initially focused on a network of natural products stores, has evolved into a multi-channel approach that today includes mass-market retailers, specialised retailers, drug stores and online distribution. In 2019, Thayers generated sales of US\$44 million. The acquisition was completed on 31 July 2020 and has been fully consolidated since that date.

The cost of these new acquisitions represented €1.7 billion. The total amount of goodwill and other intangible assets resulting from these acquisitions provisionally amounted at their acquisition dates to €1,464.1 million for Azzaro and Mugler and €303.4 million for Thayers.

In 2020, these acquisitions represented  $\in$ 275.7 million in full-year net sales and  $\in$ 34.9 million in full-year operating profit.

#### Sale

On 4 February 2020, after some strategic thinking to ensure the best possible development for the Roger & Gallet brand, L'Oréal announced it had entered into exclusive negotiations with the French investment holding company Impala to sell this brand.

Founded in Paris in 1862, Roger & Gallet emerged from the world of Apothecary Perfumery inspired by the French art de vivre. Part of L'Oréal since 2008 following the acquisition of Yves Saint Laurent Beauté, Roger & Gallet offers a rich catalogue of fragrances in a range of perfumes, toiletries and skincare. In 2018, the brand generated sales of €52 million.

On 29 June 2020, L'Oréal and French investment holding company Impala announced that they had finalised the sale of the Roger & Gallet brand.

# **1.4.** Valuation of goodwill in foreign currencies

Goodwill generated on foreign companies is considered to form part of the assets and liabilities of the foreign company, and is therefore expressed in the entity's functional currency and translated using the closing exchange rates in effect at the closing date. Goodwill recorded before 1 January 2004 continues to be recorded in euros.

#### 2.1.2. Year 2019

#### **Acquisition**

L'Oréal did not make any significant acquisitions in 2019.

#### 2.1.3. Year 2018

#### **Acquisitions**

On 16 March 2018, L'Oréal announced the acquisition of 100% of ModiFace, a Canadian-based global leader in augmented reality and artificial intelligence applied to beauty. This acquisition is part of L'Oréal Group's digital acceleration strategy, one of the pillars of which is to equip its 35 international brands with the most innovative beauty experience and service technologies. Founded by Parham Aarabi in Toronto in 2007, ModiFace has developed cutting edge technology for the 3D virtual try-on of makeup, colouring and assessment of skin by using proprietary face tracking and colour rendering expertise. ModiFace employs close to 70 engineers, researchers and scientists who have published over 200 scientific articles and registered some 30 patents. This acquisition has been fully consolidated since 15 March 2018.

On 2 May 2018, L'Oréal announced the acquisition of 100% of Nanda Co. Ltd., the Korean lifestyle, makeup and fashion company founded by Kim So-Hee in Seoul in 2004. Stylenanda, which started in the fashion segment, has since become a company built around the 3CE makeup brand, which now accounts for over 70% of its business. With €127 million in net sales in 2017 and close to 400 employees, the Company now operates in Korea and Japan, and has expanded its commercial footprint to Hong Kong, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand. Stylenanda is a very popular brand with millennials both in Korea and China. It is sold using a multi-channel distribution model that includes e-commerce, beauty retailers, department stores and duty free shops. The acquisition was completed on 20 June 2018 following regulatory clearance and has since been fully consolidated.

On 25 May 2018, L'Oréal completed the acquisition of Pulp Riot, the professional hair colour brand launched by David and Alexis Thurston in the United States in June 2016. Since its launch, Pulp Riot has transformed the professional market by creating avant-garde content, and by using social media to inspire and educate stylists worldwide. Pulp Riot currently has over 675,000 followers on Instagram. With net sales of US\$11 million in 2017, Pulp Riot is distributed in the United States, primarily by SalonCentric. The brand has also started its global roll-out. This acquisition has been fully consolidated since 25 May 2018.

On 1 August 2018, L'Oréal announced the signing of an agreement to acquire the German company Logocos Naturkosmetik AG, a pioneer in natural cosmetics with brands such as Logona and Sante. All this company's brands are vegan and certified organic with a product range made from plant extracts and natural ingredients derived from organic farming. Founded in 1978 by a naturopath, Logocos Naturkosmetik is based in Hanover, Germany, and has close to 340 employees. In 2017, it had net sales of €59 million generated in Germany and other European countries. The acquisition was completed on 17 October 2018 following regulatory clearance and has since been fully consolidated.

On 1 August 2018, L'Oréal made a firm offer to Holding STRP (Société des Thermes de La Roche-Posay) shareholders to buy out all of the shares in the company. The plan provides for the prior sale of the hotel business to the current shareholders of Holding STRP and exclusive negotiation rights for L'Oréal. Founded in 1921, STRP is the first thermal centre in Europe exclusively dedicated to the treatment of skin conditions. In 2017, the thermal business saw over 7,500 patients per year, generating net sales of €3.6 million. The acquisition was completed on 13 December 2018 following regulatory clearance and has since been fully consolidated.

The cost of these new acquisitions represented &805.1 million. The total amount of goodwill and other intangible assets resulting from the acquisitions amounted to &601.8 million and &160.4 million, respectively.

In 2018, these acquisitions represented  $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{C}}$ 219.9 million in full-year net sales and  $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{C}}$ 39.9 million in full-year operating profit.

# **2.2.** Impact of changes in the scope of consolidation in the cash flow statement

For 2020, these changes mainly related to the Azzaro-Mugler and Thayers Natural Remedies acquisitions.

The impact of acquisitions is not material for 2019.

In 2018, they mainly related to the acquisitions of Stylenanda, Pulp Riot, ModiFace, Logocos and the La Roche-Posay thermal centre.

#### 2.3. Situation in Argentina

Argentina has been considered a hyperinflationary economy since 1 July 2018 and L'Oréal has applied the provisions of IAS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" from that date.

Under IAS 29, the non-monetary items in the balance sheet and income statement have been adjusted using a general price index, such that they are stated in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period, and translated at the closing exchange rate. Argentina accounts for less than 1% of the Group's net sales.

#### NOTE 3. Operating items - Segment information

#### Accounting principles

#### Net sales

Net sales are recognised when the goods have been transferred to the customer.

Sales incentives, cash discounts and product returns are deducted from net sales, as are incentives granted to distributors or consumers resulting in a cash outflow, such as commercial cooperation, coupons, discounts and loyalty programmes.

Incentives granted to distributors and consumers are recorded as a deduction from net sales when the following two conditions are met at the same time: the service is not separable from the sale of the product and it is not possible to reasonably estimate the fair value of the cost of the service.

Sales incentives, cash discounts, provisions for returns and incentives granted to customers are recorded simultaneously to the recognition of the sales if they can be estimated in a reasonably reliable manner, based mainly on statistics compiled from past experience and contractual conditions.

#### Cost of sales

The cost of goods sold consists mainly of the industrial production cost of products sold, the cost of distributing products to customers including freight and delivery costs, either directly or indirectly through depots, inventory impairment costs, and royalties paid to third parties.

#### Research and innovation expenses

Expenditure during the research phase is charged to the income statement for the financial year during which it is incurred.

Expenses incurred during the innovation phase are recognised as *Intangible assets* only if they meet all of the following criteria set out in IAS 38:

- the project is clearly defined and the related costs are separately identified and reliably measured;
- the technical feasibility of the project has been demonstrated:
- the intention and ability to complete the project and to use or sell the products resulting from the project have been demonstrated;
- the resources necessary to complete the project and to use or sell it are available;
- the Group can demonstrate that the project will generate probable future economic benefits, as the existence of a potential market for the production resulting from the project, or its internal usefulness has been demonstrated.

In view of the very large number of innovation projects and uncertainties concerning the decision to launch products relating to these projects, L'Oréal considers that some of these capitalisation criteria are not met.

#### Advertising and promotion expenses

These expenses consist mainly of expenses relating to the advertisement and promotion of products to customers and consumers. They are charged to the income statement for the financial year in which they are incurred.

# Selling, general and administrative expenses

These expenses relate mainly to sales teams and sales team management, marketing teams and administrative services, as well as general expenses and the costs and expenses of free shares.

#### Operating profit

Operating profit consists of gross profit less research and innovation expenses, advertising and promotion expenses, and selling, general and administrative expenses.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recorded on the balance sheet at their purchase price. They are not remeasured.

Assets financed by lease contracts are recognised as assets on the balance sheet under *Right-of-use assets*. The corresponding debt is recognised as a liability under *Lease debt*.

Investment subsidies are recorded as liabilities under *Other* current liabilities.

The components of property, plant and equipment are recorded separately if their estimated useful lives, and therefore their depreciation periods, are materially different.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method, over the following useful lives:

Buildings	10-40 years
Industrial machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Point-of-sales advertising: stands and displays	3 years
Other property, plant and equipment	3-10 years

Depreciation and impairment losses are recorded in the income statement according to the use of the asset.

In view of their nature, property, plant and equipment are considered to have a value of zero at the end of the useful lives indicated above.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost mathed

A provision is made for obsolete and slow-moving inventories on the basis of their probable net realisable value, estimated on the basis of historic and projected data.

#### Trade accounts receivable

Accounts receivable from customers are recorded at their nominal value, which corresponds to their fair value.

The current trade accounts receivable impairment methodology at L'Oréal reflects the level of expected losses

on the customer portfolio, calculated on the basis of past statistics from the outset of the receivable. Moreover, this risk is contained thanks to the credit insurance policy applied by the Group.

Except when local conditions do not allow it, the Group has insurance cover for the subsidiaries.

#### 3.1. Segment information

#### 3.1.1. Information by business segment

The Group's business activities are organised into four Divisions. In its markets, each Operational Division develops and enhances a range of its own brand of consumer products:

 the Professional Products Division provides expertise to beauty professionals.

For over 100 years, this Division has acquired extensive knowledge of, and provided tailored support solutions for, the hairdressing sector. It has built up a unique brand portfolio which currently includes L'Oréal Professionnel, Kérastase, Redken, Matrix, and Pureology;

 the Consumer Products Division's goal is to democratise access to the best that the world of beauty has to offer.

The Division is underpinned by four major global brands (L'Oréal Paris, Garnier, Maybelline New York and NYX Professional Makeup), and by the deployment of its specialised and regional brands (Stylenanda, Essie, Dark and Lovely, etc.);

 L'Oréal Luxe creates exceptional experiences and products, for the most demanding consumers in selective distribution.

Net sales by Division changed as follows over the three periods:

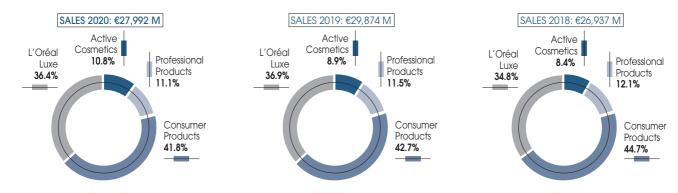
The Division has built a unique portfolio of prestigious brands including iconic mainstream, aspirational, alternative and specialist brands (Lancôme, Yves Saint Laurent Beauté, Giorgio Armani Beauty, Kiehl's, Urban Decay, Biotherm, Ralph Lauren, IT Cosmetics, Azzaro, Mugler, Helena Rubinstein, Valentino, Prada, etc.);

 the Active Cosmetics Division, whose goal is to help everyone in their quest to have healthy and beautiful skin.

Its portfolio of highly complementary brands (*Vichy, La Roche-Posay, CeraVe, SkinCeuticals, etc.*) is designed to keep pace with major skincare trends and the recommendations of healthcare professionals.

The "non-allocated" item includes expenses incurred by the Functional Divisions, fundamental research and the cost of free shares not allocated to the Divisions. It also includes non-core businesses, such as reinsurance.

The performance of each Division is measured on the basis of operating profit.



€ millions 2020	Sales	Operating profit	Operational Assets <sup>(1)</sup>	Investments in property, plant an equipment and intangible assets	Depreciation, amortisation and provisions
Professional Products	3,097.3	581.7	2,962.6	63.1	198.8
Consumer Products	11,703.8	2,388.1	9,887.6	360.8	818.2
L'Oréal Luxe	10,179.9	2,275.9	8,773.4	277.2	545.9
Active Cosmetics	3,011.1	766.0	2,524.2	56.7	125.1
TOTAL OF DIVISIONS	27,992.1	6,011.6	24,147.7	757.8	1,688.1
Non-allocated		-802.6	1,042.6	167.4	198.4
GROUP	27,992.1	5,209.0	25,190.3	925.2	1,886.4

<sup>(1)</sup> Operational assets mainly include goodwill, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, trade accounts receivable and inventories.

€ millions 2019	Sales	Operating profit	Operational Assets (1)	Investments in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	Depreciation, amortisation and provisions
Professional Products	3,441.9	691.6	3,506.1	85.7	191.4
Consumer Products	12,748.2	2,574.6	10,700.0	514.3	780.7
L'Oréal Luxe	11,019.8	2,493.7	7,941.7	514.4	592.9
Active Cosmetics	2,663.7	620.8	2,374.1	66.1	92.3
TOTAL OF DIVISIONS	29,873.6	6,380.7	24,521.8	1,180.5	1,657.3
Non-allocated		-833.2	1,077.6	142.4	199.6
GROUP	29,873.6	5,547.5	25,599.5	1,322.9	1,856.9

<sup>(1)</sup> Operational assets mainly include goodwill, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, trade accounts receivable and inventories.

€ millions 2018	Sales	Operating profit	Operational Assets (1)	Investments in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	Depreciation, amortisation and provisions
Professional Products	3,262.5	651.5	3,378.8	84.1	142.9
Consumer Products	12,032.2	2,428.1	9,987.6	523.4	592.1
L'Oréal Luxe	9,367.2	2,072.4	7,000.3	588.4	413.0
Active Cosmetics	2,275.5	523.0	2,168.5	57.1	53.5
TOTAL OF DIVISIONS	26,937.4	5,675.0	22,535.2	1,253.0	1,201.5
Non-allocated		-753.1	838.0	151.7	114.8
GROUP	26,937.4	4,922.0	23,373.2	1,404.7	1,316.3

<sup>(1)</sup> Operational assets mainly include goodwill, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, trade accounts receivable and inventories.

Operational assets can be reconciled to the 2020, 2019 and 2018 balance sheets as follows:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Operational assets	25,190.3	25,599.5	23,373.2
Non-current financial assets	9,604.8	10,819.1	9,100.5
Investments in associates	11.1	10.9	9.0
Deferred tax assets	809.9	777.3	572.7
Other current assets	1,584.9	1,317.1	1,410.1
Cash and cash equivalents	6,405.9	5,286.0	3,992.0
Non-allocated assets	18,416.6	18,210.3	15,084.3
TOTAL ASSETS	43,606.9	43,809.8	38,457.5

#### 3.1.2. Information by geographic zone

All information is presented on the basis of geographic location of the subsidiaries.

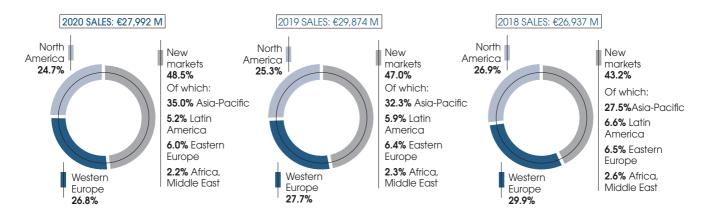
#### 3.1.2.1. Consolidated net sales by geographic zone

	2020		Growth	ı <i>(%)</i>	2019		2018	1
	€ millions	% of total	Published data	Excluding exchange effect	€ millions	% of total	€ millions	% of total
Western Europe	7,514.0	26.8%	- 9.2%	- 9.1%	8,277.1	27.7%	8,065.1	29.9%
North America	6,903.4	24.7%	- 8.8%	- 7.0%	7,567.0	25.3%	7,234.3	26.9%
New markets	13,574.7	48.5%	- 3.2%	1.6%	14,029.5	47.0%	11,638.1	43.2%
Asia Pacific	9,799.5	35.0%	1.5%	3.2%	9,658.0	32.3%	7,405.6	27.5%
Latin America	1,469.3	5.2%	- 17.1%	1.5%	1,773.1	5.9%	1,784.8	6.6%
Eastern Europe	1,685.3	6.0%	- 11.8%	- 4.2%	1,909.7	6.4%	1,754.2	6.5%
Africa, Middle East	620.6	2.2%	- 9.9%	- 5.0%	688.7	2.3%	693.5	2.6%
GROUP	27,992.1	100.0%	- 6.3%	- 3.6%	29,873.6	100.0%	26,937.4	100.0%

#### **2020 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Net sales by geographic zone changed as follows over the three periods:



#### 3.1.2.2. Breakdown of operational assets and consolidated investments by geographic zone

		2020		2019	2018		
€ millions	Operational assets	Investments in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	Operational assets	Investments in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	Operational assets	Investments in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	
Western Europe	10,856.7	326.9	9,829.6	480.6	9,246.8	615.4	
North America	6,991.0	193.7	7,789.0	332.3	7,317.6	293.9	
New markets	6,300.0	237.2	6,903.2	367.6	5,970.8	343.7	
Non-allocated	1,042.6	167.4	1,077.6	142.4	838.0	151.7	
GROUP	25,190.3	925.2	25,599.5	1,322.9	23,373.2	1,404.7	

#### 3.1.3. Sales by business segment

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Skincare	11,051.7	10,453.1	8,557.4
Make-up	5,969.3	7,854.3	7,383.0
Haircare	4,254.3	4,460.9	4,358.3
Hair colourants	2,971.6	3,032.1	2,949.7
Perfumes	2,528.7	2,770.4	2,495.2
Other	1,216.5	1,302.8	1,193.8
GROUP	27,992.1	29,873.6	26,937.4

#### 3.2. Depreciation and amortisation expenses and Property, plant and equipment

#### 3.2.1. Depreciation and amortisation expenses

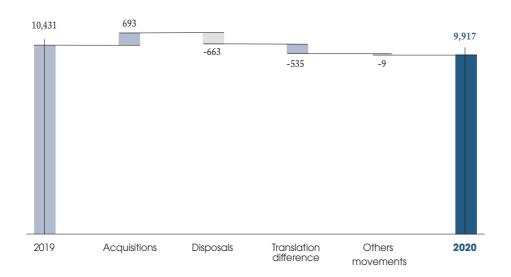
#### 3.2.2. Property, plant and equipment

€ millions 2020	31.12.2019	Acquisitions/ Depreciation	Disposals/ Reversals	Translation difference	Other movements (1)	31.12.2020
Land and buildings	2,333.3	47.2	-24.9	-101.0	80.3	2,334.7
Machinery and equipment	3,735.3	163.1	-120.3	-175.4	37.1	3,639.7
Point-of-sales advertising: stands and displays	2,358.1	221.0	-420.2	-144.4	81.8	2,096.4
Other property, plant and equipment and fixed assets in progress	2,004.3	262.1	-97.5	-114.4	-207.8	1,846.8
Gross value	10,431.1	693.4	-662.9	-535.2	-8.6	9,917.6
Land and buildings	1,218.7	79.4	-19.3	-38.1	10.5	1,251.2
Machinery and equipment	2,732.6	259.2	-119.3	-115.0	-56.9	2,700.6
Point-of-sales advertising: stands and displays	1,774.4	408.2	-415.4	-113.9	11.6	1,664.9
Other property, plant and equipment	1,061.0	165.0	-94.8	-66.4	11.0	1,075.7
Depreciation and provisions	6,786.8	911.7	-648.8	-333.4	-23.8	6,692.4
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - NET	3,644.3	-218.3	-14.1	-201.8	15.2	3,225.2

<sup>(1)</sup> These mainly include the effect of changes in the scope of consolidation and tangible assets in progress allocated to other fixed assets.

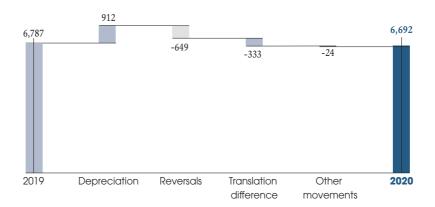
#### CHANGES IN GROSS FIXED ASSETS

(€ millions)



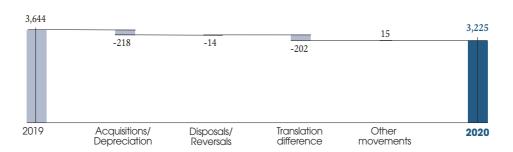
#### CHANGES IN DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION AND PROVISIONS

(€ millions)



#### CHANGES IN NET PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(€ millions)



€ millions 2019	31.12.2018	Acquisitions/ Depreciation	Disposals/ Reversals	Translation difference	Other movements (1)	31.12.2019
Land and buildings	2,259.2	43.1	-38.2	18.4	50.8	2,333.3
Machinery and equipment	3,585.1	158.3	-129.6	38.0	83.5	3,735.3
Point-of-sales advertising: stands and displays	2,147.8	372.2	-247.4	43.0	42.5	2,358.1
Other property, plant and equipment and fixed assets in progress	1,922.1	384.0	-76.8	25.8	-250.8	2,004.3
Gross value	9,914.3	957.6	-492.0	125.2	-74.0	10,431.1
Land and buildings	1,169.9	77.1	-33.3	6.8	-1.8	1,218.7
Machinery and equipment	2,585.7	258.6	-126.7	24.9	-9.9	2,732.6
Point-of-sales advertising: stands and displays	1,559.4	440.2	-246.6	31.5	-10.1	1,774.4
Other property, plant and equipment	974.7	168.3	-75.6	13.5	-19.9	1,061.0
Depreciation and provisions	6,289.7	944.2	-482.2	76.8	-41.7	6,786.8
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - NET	3,624.6	13.4	-9.8	48.4	-32.4	3,644.3

<sup>(1)</sup> These mainly consist of assets related to refurbishment costs for premises reclassified as rights of use after the Group applied IFRS 16 on 1 January 2019 (€33 million) and tangible assets in progress allocated to other fixed assets.

€ millions		Acquisitions/	Disposals/	Translation	Other	
2018	31.12.2017	Depreciation	Reversals	difference	movements (1)	31.12.2018
Land and buildings	2,161.7	43.9	-19.7	-5.6	78.7	2,259.2
Machinery and equipment	3,439.2	142.0	-77.8	4.9	76.8	3,585.1
Point-of-sales advertising: stands and displays	1,981.6	345.5	-233.9	17.4	37.2	2,147.8
Other property, plant and equipment and fixed assets in progress	1,708.1	369.4	-60.9	14.4	-108.9	1,922.1
Gross value	9,290.7	900.8	-392.2	31.2	83.9	9,914.3
Land and buildings	1,099.9	76.2	-19.7	2.1	11.5	1,169.9
Machinery and equipment	2,402.2	252.3	-78.2	8.6	0.8	2,585.7
Point-of-sales advertising: stands and displays	1,369.9	410.9	-231.3	11.6	-1.7	1,559.4
Other property, plant and equipment	847.6	161.3	-60.6	9.6	16.8	974.7
Depreciation and provisions	5,719.6	900.6	-389.8	31.9	27.4	6,289.7
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - NET	3,571.1	0.1	-2.4	-0.7	56.5	3,624.6

<sup>(1)</sup> These mainly include the effect of changes in the scope of consolidation and tangible assets in progress allocated to other fixed assets.

Property, plant and equipment include finance lease contracts for the following amounts:

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019 <sup>(1)</sup>	31.12.2018
Land and buildings	-		11.2
Machinery and equipment	-		-
Other property, plant and equipment and fixed assets in progress	-		22.4
GROSS VALUE			33.6
Depreciation	-		22.4
NET VALUE			11.2

<sup>(1)</sup> Finance lease contracts have been reclassified as right-of-use assets as from the application of IFRS 16.

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#### **3.2.3.** Leases

#### 3.2.3.1. Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets break down by type of underlying asset, as follows:

€ millions	31.12.2020 Net	Depreciation and impairment losses (1) 2020	31.12.2019 Net	01.01.2019 Net
Buildings	1,101.2	260.9	1,291.2	1,286.7
Stores	293.3	181.8	445.1	547.4
Key money	34.5	11.7	49.0	60.0
Other	96.3	18.1	106.9	111.3
RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS	1,525.3	472.5	1,892.3	2,005.4

<sup>(1)</sup> Of which €466.6 million in depreciation for the period.

#### 3.2.3.2. Lease debt

Lease debt break down as follows:

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
Lease debt due in more than 5 years	299.9	465.7
Lease debt due in between 1 and 5 years	994.8	1,162.3
Lease debt due in less than 1 year	386.9	407.9
LEASE DEBT	1,681.6	2,035.9

#### **3.3.** Inventories, Trade accounts receivable and Other current assets

#### 3.3.1. Inventories

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Finished products and consumables	2,492.2	2,724.0	2,599.5
Raw materials, packaging and semi-finished products	643.4	605.7	594.3
Gross value	3,135.6	3,329.7	3,193.8
Valuation allowance	459.8	409.0	371.9
INVENTORIES - NET	2,675.8	2,920.8	2,821.9

#### 3.3.2. Trade accounts receivable

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Gross value	3,565.4	4,133.5	4,032.7
Valuation allowance	54.1	46.8	49.4
NET VALUE	3,511.3	4,086.7	3,983.2

Trade accounts receivable are due within one year. The impairment of trade accounts receivable reflects the level of expected losses on the customer portfolio from the outset of the receivable. Moreover, except when local conditions do not allow it, the Group has insurance cover for the subsidiaries.

The non-collection risk on trade accounts receivables is therefore minimised, and this is reflected in the level of the allowance, which is less than 2% of gross receivables at the end of 2020.

#### 3.3.3. Other current assets

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Tax and employee-related receivables (excluding income tax)	639.0	616.0	617.9
Prepaid expenses	452.2	365.9	338.5
Derivatives	183.0	49.2	175.6
Current financial assets	6.7	23.3	23.1
Other current assets	451.8	420.4	354.0
TOTAL	1,732.7	1,474.9	1,509.1

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements

#### 3.4. Other current liabilities

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Tax and employee-related payables (excluding income tax)	1,533.8	1,586.8	1,406.6
Credit balances on trade receivables	1,244.5	1,128.2	1,026.0
Fixed assets payables	385.1	434.5	279.9
Derivatives	94.9	123.6	182.5
Other current liabilities	424.3	235.4	243.9
TOTAL	3,682.5	3,508.5	3,138.9

#### 3.5. Changes in working capital

This caption amounts to €729.2 million, €460.5 million and €113.8 million respectively in 2020, 2019 and 2018, and is broken down as follows:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Inventories	101.9	-53.8	-292.8
Trade accounts receivable	315.3	-59.6	-83.1
Trade accounts payable	345.3	110.7	392.9
Other receivables and payables	-33.3	463.2	96.8
TOTAL	729.2	460.5	113.8

### NOTE 4. Other operational income and expenses

#### Accounting principles

#### Other income and expenses

The Other income and expenses item includes capital gains and losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, impairment of assets, restructuring costs, and clearly identified, non-recurring income and expense items that are material to the consolidated financial statements.

The cost of restructuring operations is fully provisioned if it results from a group obligation towards a third party originating from a decision taken by a competent body which is announced to the third parties concerned before the end of the reporting period.

This cost consists mainly of severance payments, early retirement payments, the cost of unworked notice periods, the costs of training for employees affected by the restructuring measures, and other costs relating to site closures. Any write-offs of fixed assets or impairment charged against inventories and other assets related directly to these restructuring measures are also recorded as restructuring costs.

#### Operational profit

Operational profit is calculated based on operating profit and includes other income and expenses such as capital gains and losses on disposals of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets, impairment of assets, and restructuring costs.

This item breaks down as follows:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Capital gains and losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (1)	-3.5	14.0	2.7
Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (2)	-89.8	-142.8	-
Restructuring costs (3)	-382.1	-120.2	-85.1
Other (4)	-233.5	-187.5	-12.3
TOTAL	-709.0	-436.5	-94.7

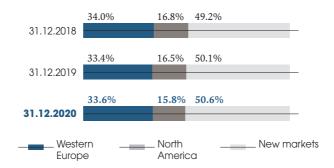
- (1) Includina
  - in 2020, mainly the capital loss of €2.7 million on the disposal of Roger & Gallet (after recognition of a €62 million impairment on intangible assets at 31 December 2019);
     in 2019, €11 million in capital gains on property sales in Germany.
- (2) Including
  - in 2020, the residual brand and goodwill of Clarisonic for €63.6 million and €24.6 million respectively, due to the brand's discontinuation;
  - in 2019, the brand and goodwill of Clarisonic and Roger & Gallet for €80 million and €59 million, respectively.
- (3) Attributable to:
  - in 2020, the reorganisation of the distribution structures of the Luxe Division in North America (€96.3 million) and in Asia-Pacific (€27.2 million), the repositioning of certain distribution channels in China (€27.8 million), the reorganisation of organisations and distribution structures within the Luxe and Professional Divisions in Western Europe (€85.9 million), the continued redesign of NYX Professional Makeup's distribution channels (€66.3 million), the repositioning of the Decléor Carita brands and their sales strategy (€22.5 million), as well as the operational impact of the discontinuation of the Clarisonic brand (€18.9 million);
  - sales strategy (£22.5 million), as well as the operational impact of the discontinuation of the Clarisonic brand (£18.9 million);
     in 2019, the redesign of NYX Professional Makeup's distribution channels (£76 million), the refocus of production facilities on Luxe, mostly in France (£11 million), restructuring Clarisonic manufacturing in the US (£8.6 million), reorganising distribution, organisational and accounting structures in Europe (£9 million) and additional costs for various reorganisation projects in 2018, primarily in Brazil (£8.2 million);
  - In 2018, the global plan to transform the Professional Products Division (€15.6 million), the reorganisation in Brazil (€26.8 million), various plans to restructure sales forces and operating structures in Western Europe (€19.3 million), the streamlining of production and the refocusing of the distribution of the Decléor brand (€12.1 million) as well as the closure of the Canton mask production plant in China (€6.0 million) and the discontinuing of various selective brands in Malaysia and Singapore (€4.6 million).
- (4) Attributable to:
  - in 2020, certain specific and identifiable costs relating to the consequences of the public health crisis borne during the first half of the year including €27 million in additional health costs (additional hygiene measures, protective measures for employees, thermal cameras, etc.) and the costs incurred by a total and sudden suspension of activity over clearly defined lockdown periods imposed by local authorities. These include €43 million relating to own points of sales (mainly the salaries of beauty advisers and costs relating to the amortisation of store rights-of-use net of any subsidies received from lessors) and €70 million mainly corresponding to the salaries of the Professional Products Division's sales force, the Luxe Division's beauty advisers in Department stores and the Medical Doctors' sales forces which were prohibited from visiting the United States.
  - Acquisition-related costs (€24 million) and disputes related to intellectual property (€20 million);
  - in 2019, acquisition-related costs (€6.1 million), the increase of the Stylenanda earn-out (€56.5 million), the disputes related to intellectual property (€55.8 million) and the profit-sharing adjustment following the agreement signed with the French tax administration for the 2014-2018 tax audits (€56.7 million);
  - in 2018, acquisition-related costs (€17.3 million) as well as the downward adjustment of the Atelier Cologne earn-out (-€3.8 million).

#### NOTE 5. Number of employees, personnel costs and employee benefits

#### **5.1.** Number of employees

	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Western Europe	28,654	29,402	29,256
North America	13,492	14,480	14,443
New markets	43,246	44,092	42,331
TOTAL (1)	85,392	87,974	86,030

<sup>(1)</sup> Excluding employees of equity-accounted companies.



#### **5.2.** Personnel costs

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Personnel costs (including welfare contributions) (1)	6,124.2	6,131.1	5,634.1

<sup>(1)</sup> Excluding employees of equity-accounted companies.

Personnel costs include pension expenses (excluding interest components), remuneration relating to free shares and payroll taxes.

#### **5.3.** Executive compensation

Costs recorded in respect of compensation and similar benefits granted to the Management Committee and the Board of Directors can be analysed as follows:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Directors' fees	1.4	1.3	1.3
Salaries and benefits including employer welfare contributions	40.3	40.1	34.4
Employee retirement obligation charges	12.9	10.8	10.0
Share-based payment (free shares)	27.5	33.7	24.6
Exceptional factors	-	-	3.2

The number of executives who were members of the Management Committee was 20 at 31 December 2020 and at 31 December 2019 compared with 16 at 31 December 2018.

#### **5.4.** Post-employment benefits, termination benefits and other long-term employee benefits

#### Accounting principles

The Group operates pension, early retirement and other employee benefit schemes depending on local legislation and regulations.

For obligatory state schemes and other defined-contribution schemes, the Group recognises in the income statement contributions payable when they are due. No provision has been set aside in this respect as the Group's obligation does not exceed the amount of contributions paid.

The characteristics of the defined benefit schemes in force within the Group are as follows:

- French regulations provide for specific length-of-service awards payable to employees on retirement. An early retirement plan and a defined benefit plan have also been set up. In some Group companies there are also measures providing for the payment of certain healthcare costs for retired employees. These obligations are partially funded by an external fund, except those relating to healthcare costs for retired employees;
- for foreign subsidiaries with employee retirement schemes or other specific obligations relating to defined benefit plans, the excess of the projected benefit obligation over the scheme's assets is also recognised by setting up a provision for charges on the basis of the actuarial value of employees' vested rights.

The charges recorded in the income statement during the year include:

- additional rights vested by employees during the accounting period;
- the impact of any change to existing schemes on previous years or of any new schemes;
- the change in the value of the discounted rights over the past year;
- income on external funds calculated on the basis of the discount rate applied to the benefit obligation.

The latter two items represent the interest component of the pension costs. The interest component is shown within Net financial income on the Other financial income and expenses item.

To determine the discounted value of the obligation for each scheme, the Group applies an actuarial valuation method based on the final salary (projected unit credit method). The obligations and the fair value of plan assets are assessed each year using length-of-service, life expectancy, staff turnover by category and economic assumptions (such as inflation rate and discount rate).

The Group applies a simplified granular approach to calculate its service cost for the period. Under this simplified approach, two different discount rates are used to calculate the obligation and the service cost based on the duration of the future cash flows relating to each of these items. Financial costs are calculated by applying the discount rate used for the obligation to plan assets and by applying the differential interest rate to service cost for the period.

Actuarial gains and losses arising on post-employment defined benefit obligations are recognised in equity.

Actuarial gains and losses in relation to other benefits such as jubilee awards and long-serve bonuses are immediately charged to the income statement.

The liability corresponding to the Company's net defined benefit obligation regarding its employees is recorded in the balance sheet on the Provisions for employee retirement obligations and related benefits line.

The actuarial assumptions used to calculate these obligations take into account the economic conditions specific to each country or Group company. The main weighted average assumptions for the Group are as follows:

In %	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Discount rate (commitment)	1.1%	1.6%	2.6%
Discount rate (service cost)*	1.4%	1.9%	2.9%
Salary increases	3.4%	3.5%	3.6%

<sup>\*</sup> Used for the service cost for the following financial year.

	31.12.2020		31.12.2019			31.12.201	8		
	Initial rate	Final rate	Application of final rate	Initial rate	Final rate	Application of final rate	Initial rate	Final rate	Application of final rate
Expected rate of health care inflation	5.3%	4.2%	2027	5.7%	4.2%	2027	5.7%	4.2%	2023

The discount rates are obtained by reference to market yields on high quality corporate bonds having maturity dates equivalent to those of the obligations.

Bond quality is assessed by reference to the AA-/Aa3 minimum rating provided by one of the three main credit-rating agencies.

Discount rates can be broken down by geographic zone as follows:

In %	2020	2019	2018
Weighted average (all countries) based on the benefit obligation	1.1%	1.6%	2.6%
Attributable to:			
Euro zone			
Discount rate (commitment) (1)	0.5%	0.9%	1.9%
Discount rate (service cost)*	0.6%	1.0%	2.1%
USA			
Discount rate (commitment)	2.0%	2.8%	4.0%
Discount rate (service cost)*	2.3%	3.0%	4.3%
United Kingdom			
Discount rate (commitment)	1.5%	2.0%	2.8%
Discount rate (service cost)*	1.5%	2.0%	2.8%

<sup>(1)</sup> The weighted average for 2020 consists of a 0.58% discount rate on annuity plans with an average term of 21.09 years and a 0.34% discount rate on capital plans with an average term of 12.89 years.

A 50 basis point decrease in the discount rates would increase the projected defined benefit obligations by €292.6 million for the euro zone, €86.9 million for the United States and €85.7 million for the United Kingdom.

The expected returns on plan assets are based on the discount rates used.

The breakdown of plan assets is as follows:

In %	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Equity securities (1)	35.2%	33.9%	33.1%
Bonds	57.2%	57.8%	57.8%
Property assets (2)	4.6%	4.8%	5.3%
Monetary instruments	0.9%	0.6%	1.2%
Other	2.1%	2.9%	2.6%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

<sup>(1)</sup> Of which L'Oréal shares: none

The allocation of plan assets has to comply with specific investment limits for the different classes of assets and meet minimum rating criteria for monetary instruments and bonds.

<sup>\*</sup> Used for the service cost for the following financial year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Of which property assets occupied by Group entities: none

Fluctuations during 2020, 2019 and 2018 are set out below:

€ millions	Present value of defined benefit obligation	Plan assets	Net provisions
Balance at 31 December 2017	4,221.7	-3919.8	301.9
Service cost during the period	168.0	-	168.0
Interest cost	96.6	-	96.6
Expected return on assets	-	-88.7	-88.7
Past service cost: new plans/plan amendments	2.2	-	2.2
Curtailments	-24.4	-	-24.4
Settlements	-1.5	1.3	-0.2
Benefits paid	-189.3	138.5	-50.7
Contributions paid	5.1	-85.8	-80.8
Actuarial gains and losses	-172.1	230.5	58.5
Translation differences	43.1	-36.9	6.2
Other movements	-5.2	5.4	0.2
Balance at 31 December 2018	4,144.4	-3,755.5	388.9
Service cost during the period	168.8	-	168.8
Interest cost	111.8	-	111.8
Expected return on assets	-	-99.5	-99.5
Past service cost: new plans/plan amendments	72.9	-	72.9
Curtailments	-100.3	-	-100.3
Settlements	-	-	-
Benefits paid	-198.4	151.9	-46.5
Contributions paid	6.3	-58.9	-52.6
Actuarial gains and losses	706.6	-378.9	327.7
Translation differences	67.9	-66.3	1.6
Other movements	-5.3	5.6	0.3
Balance at 31 December 2019	4,974.5	-4,201.6	772.9
Service cost during the period	201.2	-	201.2
Interest cost	80.0	-	80.0
Expected return on assets	-	-66.7	-66.7
Past service cost: new plans/plan amendments	-12.7	-	-12.7
Curtailments	-21.2	-	-21.2
Settlements	-1.0	1.1	0.2
Benefits paid	-227.7	161.9	-65.9
Contributions paid	4.1	-85.3	-81.3
Actuarial gains and losses	483.1	-257.5	225.6
Translation differences	-167.0	139.8	-27.2
Other movements	5.1	3.3	8.4
BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBER 2020	5,318.4	-4,305.0	1,013.5

The total present value of defined benefit obligations breaks down as follows between wholly or partly funded plans and wholly unfunded plans:

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Present value of defined benefit obligations wholly or partly funded	4,832.5	4,507.6	3,755.6
Fair value of plan assets	4,304.9	4,201.6	3,755.5
Net position of defined benefit obligations wholly or partly funded	527.6	306.1	0.1
Present value of defined benefit obligations wholly unfunded	485.9	466.9	388.8

The retirement expense charged to the income statement is recorded within personnel expenses for the operating part and within financial costs for the financial part and can be analysed as follows:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Service cost during the financial year	201.2	168.8	168.0
Interest costs	80.0	111.8	96.6
Expected return on assets	-66.7	-99.5	-88.7
New plans/plan amendments (1)	-12.7	72.9	2.2
Curtailments (1)	-21.2	-100.3	-24.4
Settlements	0.2	-	-0.2
TOTAL	180.9	153.6	153.6

<sup>(1) (2019)</sup> Order no. 2019-697 transposing a European Directive dated 16 April 2014 into law no longer allows new members to join "conditional" defined benefit pension schemes as from 4 July 2019, the day the Order was issued. The Order also no longer allows for new additional rights to be acquired in schemes opened on 20 May 2014 for employment periods after 31 December 2019. The net impact recorded in 2019 net income for these developments is +€17.5 million. L'Oréal will finalise the implementation of a replacement scheme for acquired rights in accordance with this Order for employment periods starting 1 January 2020, following publication of the circular on 23 December 2020. This scheme is considered a continuation of the former scheme due to its consistency in terms of population and benefits.

Contributions to defined contribution schemes recognised as an expense for 2020, 2019 and 2018 amounted to €511.3 million, €524.8 million and €468.2 million, respectively.

A change of 1% point in medical cost inflation would have the following impact:

€ millions	Increase of 1%	Decrease of 1%
Impact on projected benefit obligation	11.9	-9.8
Impact on current service cost and interest costs	0.3	-0.3

Actuarial gains and losses for the periods presented are as follows:

€ millions 2020	Present value of defined benefit obligation	Plan assets	Net provisions
Actuarial gains and losses: experience adjustments	40.3	-257.5	-217.2
Actuarial gains and losses: demographic assumptions	7.2	-	7.2
Actuarial gains and losses: financial assumptions	435.6	-	435.6
TOTAL	483.1	-257.5	225.6

€ millions 2019	Present value of defined benefit obligation	Plan assets	Net provisions
Actuarial gains and losses: experience adjustments	-25.5	-378.9	-404.4
Actuarial gains and losses: demographic assumptions	-36.6	-	-36.6
Actuarial gains and losses: financial assumptions	768.8	-	768.8
TOTAL	706.6	-378.9	327.7

€ millions 2018	Present value of defined benefit obligation	Plan assets	Net provisions
Actuarial gains and losses: experience adjustments	124.2	230.5	354.7
Actuarial gains and losses: demographic assumptions	-35.3	-	-35.3
Actuarial gains and losses: financial assumptions	-261.0	-	-261.0
TOTAL	-172.1	230.5	58.5

#### **5.5.** Share subscription or purchase options – Free shares – Employee shareholding plan

#### Accounting principles

In accordance with the requirements of IFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", the value of options or free shares granted as calculated at the grant date is expensed in the income statement over the vesting period, which is generally five years for purchase options and four years for free shares.

The fair value of free shares corresponds to the value of the share at the grant date, less dividends expected to be paid

during the vesting period. The cost of the additional 2-year holding period applicable to French residents, for plans prior to 1 January 2016, is determined based on the interest rate granted to the employee, considered equivalent to the rate which would be granted by a bank to a private individual customer with an average financial profile.

The impact of IFRS 2 on profit for the period is booked on the Selling, general and administrative expenses item of the income statement at Group level, and is not allocated to the Divisions or geographic zones.

#### a) Share subscription or purchase options

The table below sets out data concerning the option plan in force at 31 December 2020.

		Number of options —	Exercise		
Grant date	Number of options	not yet exercised	from	to	Exercise price
22.04.2011	1,470,000	57,397	23.04.2016	22.04.2021	€83.19

This plan has a five-year exercise period and had performance-related conditions for members of the Management Committee. All of the performance conditions of this plan have been definitively fulfilled.

The fair value of options is determined using the Black & Scholes method based on the following assumptions:

	Subscription options
	April 2011
Risk-free rate of return	3.42%
Expected life span	8 years
Expected volatility	22.60%
Expected dividends	2.10%
Share price	€85.68
Exercise price	€83.19
Fair value	€18.58

Expected volatility is equal to the implied volatility of the options listed on MONEP at the grant dates. In order to mitigate the effects of atypical phenomena, the volatility used corresponds to the average between implied volatility at the

grant date and historic volatility over the expected life span of the option. The expected life span has been adjusted to take account of behavioural assumptions relating to the beneficiaries.

Data concerning all share option plans during financial years 2020, 2019 and 2018 are set out below:

	31.12.2020		31.12.2019		31.12.2018	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Number of options not exercised at beginning of period	524,193	€81.91	1,313,801	€78.60	2,233,775	€76.43
Options granted	-	-	-		-	
Options exercised	-465,796	€81.76	-785,408	€76.43	-919,474	€73.32
Options expired	-1,000	-	-4,200		-500	
Number of options not exercised at end of period	57,397	€83.19	524,193	€81.91	1,313,801	€78.60
Of which:						
number of exercisable options at end of period	57,397	€83.19	524,193	€81.91	1,313,801	€78.60
expired options at end of period	-	-	-		-	

The weighted average share price was €273.24, €240.28 and €197.19 for 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### b) Free shares

The table below summarises the data on free share plans vesting after 1 January 2018.

Stock subscription plans	Stock purchase plans	Vesting date	Number of shares granted	Number of shares issued/allotted	Number of shares not finally vested
17.04.2014		18.04.2018	1,068,565	994,815	
22.04.2015		23.04.2019	860,150	706,937	
20.04.2016		21.04.2020	906,100	835,725	
20.04.2017		21.04.2021	906,000		745,621
17.04.2018		18.04.2022	931,000		892,150
18.04.2019		19.04.2023	843,075		830,600
14.10.2020		15.10.2024	713,660		713,660

For the conditional grant of shares, the plan provides for a four-year vesting period after which vesting is effective and final, subject to meeting the conditions of the plan. After this vesting period, a two-year mandatory holding period applies for French residents, for plans prior to 1 January 2016, during which the shares cannot be sold.

The performance conditions apply to the 14 October 2020, 18 April 2019, 17 April 2018 and 20 April 2017 plans:

- for 50% of shares granted, the growth in comparable Cosmetics sales in relation to growth in net sales for a panel of competitors:
  - 2021, 2022 and 2023 financial years under the 2020 plan;
  - 2020, 2021 and 2022 financial years under the 2019 plan;
  - 2019, 2020 and 2021 financial years under the 2018 plan;
  - 2018, 2019 and 2020 financial years under the 2017 plan;
- for 50% of shares granted, the increase over the same period in the Group's consolidated operating profit.

The calculation will be based on the mean of the performance in the:

- 2021, 2022 and 2023 financial years under the 2020 plan;
- 2020, 2021 and 2022 financial years under the 2019 plan;
- 2019, 2020 and 2021 financial years under the 2018 plan;
- 2018, 2019 and 2020 financial years under the 2017 plan;

and will use a predefined allocation scale based on the performance percentage achieved. No performance condition applies below a block of 200 shares.

The plans of 17 April 2014, 22 April 2015 and 20 April 2016 were finally granted by the allocation of, respectively, 993,765 shares on 18 April 2018, 706,262 shares on 23 April 2019 and 835,600 shares on 21 April 2020.

At 31 December 2020, the performance conditions for plans in progress were deemed achieved except for the 20 April 2017 plan for which the cost was reviewed based on a predefined scale according to the best estimate to date of the performance percentage achieved at the end of the plan.

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The fair value of free shares is determined using the following assumptions:

	Stoc	Stock purchase plans			Stock subscription plans		
Grant date	April 2014	April 2015	April 2016	April 2017	April 2018	April 2019	October 2020
Risk-free rate of return	0.65%	- 0.02%	- 0.06%	- 0.35%	- 0.28%	- 0.25%	- 0.53%
Discount for post-vesting transfer restrictions for French employees	4.46%	1.70%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Expected dividends	2.06%	1.52%	1.85%	1.82%	1.85%	1.58%	1.34%
Share price	€121.35	€177.10	€168.10	€181.75	€191.85	€243.80	€288.00
Fair value							
Employees resident in France	€104.58	€161.49	€154.32	€166.90	€176.17	€226.25	€269.37
Employees not resident in France	€109.99	€164.50	€154.32	€166.90	€176.17	€226.25	€269.37

The expense recorded in 2020, 2019 and 2018 amounted to €120.1 million €143.2 million and €120.9 million, respectively.

#### c) Capital increase reserved for employees

In September 2020, Group employees had the opportunity to join a Shareholding Plan based on a traditional format with discount and matching contribution.

The subscription price was set at €223.25, representing 80% of the average share price over the 20 trading sessions prior to the decision by the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer setting the subscription period from 17 September to 2 October 2020 during which 417,966 shares were subscribed. This number does not include the subscription reserved for a Trustee under the laws of England and Wales, as part of a Share Incentive Plan established for Group employees in the UK, for which the number of shares will be finalised in June 2021.

For French employees, free shares were offered upon subscription in proportion to their personal contribution to the plan with a maximum of 4 shares offered for 10 shares subscribed.

For employees in other countries, shares were offered under a free share plan with a continued employment condition for the employee and proportionate to how much the employee contributes to the plan, with a maximum of 4 shares offered for 10 shares subscribed. The shares will be allocated to employees on 3 November 2025 provided they are still with the Group on that date.

The IFRS 2 expense measuring the benefit offered to employees is calculated with reference to the fair value of the discount offered on the non-transferable shares.

The capital was increased on 3 November 2020 by 452,967 shares.

The IFRS 2 expense for free shares granted amounted to:

- €7.8 million for French employees based on a subscription price of €223.25 per share; and
- €0.6 million for employees outside France. This cost is amortised over the vesting period and corresponds to the share reference value adjusted for the expected dividends over the vesting period, namely €254.84 per share.

In June 2018, Group employees had the opportunity to join a Shareholding Plan based on a traditional format with discount and matching contribution.

The subscription price was set at €162.52, representing 80% of the average share price over the 20 trading sessions prior to the decision by the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer setting the subscription period from 4 June to 18 June 2018 during which 423,916 shares were subscribed. This number does not include the subscription reserved for a Trustee under the laws of England and Wales, as part of a Share Incentive Plan established for Group employees in the UK, with the final number of shares subscribed determined at 4,514 in November 2018.

The IFRS 2 expense for free shares recognised for the 2020 financial year amounted to &1.3 million and corresponds to the cost relating to employees outside France.

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#### NOTE 6. Income tax

#### Accounting principles

The income tax charge includes the current tax expense payable by each consolidated tax entity and the deferred tax expense. Deferred tax is calculated whenever there are temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their basis for consolidated accounting purposes, using the balance sheet liability method.

The restatement of assets and liabilities relating to lease contracts results in the booking of deferred tax.

Deferred tax includes irrecoverable taxation on estimated or confirmed dividends.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rate enacted at the closing date and which will also apply when the temporary differences reverse.

Deferred tax assets generated by tax loss carryforwards are only recognised to the extent it is probable that the entities will be able to generate taxable profit against which they can be utilised.

Under the French system of tax consolidation, the taxable profits of some French companies are offset when determining the overall tax charge, which is payable only by L'Oréal, the parent company of the tax Group. Tax consolidation systems also exist outside France.

Uncertain tax positions are recorded in the balance sheet under "Non-current tax liabilities". These correspond to an estimate of tax risks and litigation related to income tax for the various countries in which the Group operates.

#### **6.1.** Detailed breakdown of income tax

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Current tax	1,219.9	1,699.7	1,241.3
Deferred tax	-10.1	-42.5	43.0
INCOME TAX	1,209.8	1,657.2	1,284.3

#### **6.2.** Analysis of tax charge

The income tax charge may be analysed as follows:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Profit before tax and associates	4,776.5	5,411.4	5,183.7
Theoretical tax rate	26.37%	26.21%	26.25%
Expected tax charge	1,259.7	1,418.1	1,360.6
Impact of permanent differences	31.4	64.4	28.8
Impact of tax rate differences	-129.9	-161.6	-148.3
Change in unrecognised deferred taxes	1.7	2.3	-3.2
Impact of non-current tax liabilities (2)	108.2	346.7	51.2
Other (1)	-61.3	-12.7	-4.8
GROUP TAX CHARGE	1,209.8	1,657.2	1,284.3
			•

<sup>(1)</sup> Including tax credits and taxes on dividend distributions.

The expected tax charge reflects the sum of pre-tax profit for each country, multiplied by the normal taxation rate. The theoretical tax rate reflects the total expected tax charge as a

percentage of pre-tax profit. The impact of any reduced tax rates existing in certain countries in addition to the normal tax rates is included on the line Impact of tax rate differences.

<sup>(2)</sup> Including, in 2019, a €262 million expense to cover an agreement made with the French tax administration regarding a disagreement over which French products in our business fall under the tax base for 2014-2018.

#### 6.3. Deferred taxes on the balance sheet

The net change in deferred taxes (assets and liabilities) can be analysed as follows:

₽	m	ill	in	n

CTIMION	
Balance of deferred tax assets at 31 December 2017	530.3
Balance of deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2017	-597.0
Income statement impact	-43.0
Translation differences	-19.0
Other effects (1)	27.8
Balance of deferred tax assets at 31 December 2018	572.7
Balance of deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2018	-673.7
Income statement impact	42.5
Translation differences	3.8
Other effects (1)	94.3
Balance of deferred tax assets at 31 December 2019	777.3
Balance of deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2019	-737.7
Income statement impact	10.1
Translation differences	-8.5
Other effects (1)	62.1
BALANCE OF DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020	809.9
BALANCE OF DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES AT 31 DECEMBER 2020	-706.6
(1) Including mainly the deferred tay impact of currency hedging instruments recognised in equity, as well as the	a tay offeet on actuarial gains and losses recognised

<sup>(1)</sup> Including mainly the deferred tax impact of currency hedging instruments recognised in equity, as well as the tax effect on actuarial gains and losses recognised in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities recorded in the balance sheet may be broken down as follows:

	31.12.2020		31.12.2019		31.12.2018	
€ millions	Deferred tax assets	Deferred tax liabilities	Deferred tax assets	Deferred tax liabilities	Deferred tax assets	Deferred tax liabilities
Temporary differences	783.3	431.4	760.2	422.5	562.4	409.6
Deferred tax liabilities on revaluation of Sanofi		275.2		315.2		264.1
Tax credits and tax loss carry-forwards	26.6		17.1		10.3	
DEFERRED TAX TOTAL	809.9	706.6	777.3	737.7	572.7	673.7

Deferred tax assets on temporary differences mainly relate to provisions for pensions and early retirement (£263.8 million, £209.8 million and £113.0 million respectively at the end of 2020, 2019 and 2018) and provisions for liabilities and charges (£135.8 million, £136.5 million and £113.1 million at the end of 2020, 2019 and 2018).

Deferred tax liabilities on temporary differences mainly include intangible assets acquired under business combinations other than non-tax-deductible goodwill.

Deferred tax assets whose recovery is not considered probable are not recorded in the financial statements; such assets amount to  $\[mathbb{e}\]$ 14.3 million at 31 December 2020 compared with  $\[mathbb{e}\]$ 17.0 million at 31 December 2019 and  $\[mathb{e}\]$ 21.6 million at 31 December 2018.

#### NOTE 7. Intangible assets

#### 7.1. Goodwill

#### Accounting principles

Business combinations are accounted for by the purchase method. The assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the Company acquired are measured at fair value at the acquisition date. Any valuation differences identified when the acquisition is carried out are recorded under the corresponding asset and liability items.

Any residual difference between the cost of an acquisition and the Group's interest in the fair value of the identified assets and liabilities is recorded as Goodwill and allocated to the Cash Generating Units expected to benefit from the acquisition or the related synergies.

Goodwill generated on the acquisition of an associate is presented in the Investments in associates item.

For business combinations carried out after 1 January 2010, the main changes with regard to previously applicable accounting principles are set out below:

 for each acquisition, the Group chooses whether to recognise the full amount of goodwill regardless of the ownership interest acquired, or an amount of goodwill corresponding to its interest in the acquired company (previously the only method allowed);

- deferred tax assets recognised after the initial accounting is complete are included in profit or loss, and in contrast to previous practices, the amount of goodwill that would have been recorded had the deferred tax asset been recognised as an identifiable asset at the acquisition date is not deducted;
- costs incurred in respect of a business combination are now expensed and no longer included in the acquisition cost.
- the acquisition cost, which includes contingent consideration, is recognised and measured at its acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent changes in fair value, affecting in particular the contingent consideration recorded in liabilities, are recognised in Other income and expenses in the income statement and no longer treated as an adjustment to goodwill;
- any previous interest held in the acquiree prior to the date control was obtained is now remeasured at its acquisition-date fair value, with the corresponding gain or loss on remeasurement recognised on the income statement;
- purchase commitments for minority interests are recognised in financial debt at the acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent changes in fair value of the commitment are recognised by adjusting equity.

#### **2020 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Goodwill is allocated by Cash Generating Units or by groups of Cash Generating Units. A Cash Generating Unit corresponds to one or more worldwide brands.

€ millions 2020	31.12.2019	Acquisitions/Disposals	Other movements	31.12.2020
Redken/PureOlogy	573.1	0.5	-40.2	533.4
Matrix	413.1	0.0	-30.7	382.4
L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase	394,5		-17.3	377.3
Decléor and Carita (1)	137.4		-137.4	
Other	67.9	-3.2	-1.6	63.1
Professional Products Total	1,586.0	-2.7	-227.2	1,356.2
Maybelline/Garnier	1,275.1		-81.9	1,193.2
L'Oréal Paris	910.2		-23.2	887.0
Stylenanda	430.7		-7.0	423.7
NYX Professional Makeup	327.8		-23.3	304.5
LaSCAD	158.3		-1.9	156.4
Niely	137.1		-40.0	97.1
Thayers		252.5	-8.1	244.3
Other	486.4	0.6	-20.1	466.8
Consumer Products Total	3,725.5	253.1	-205.4	3,773.2
Lancôme	832.6		-3.5	829.1
IT Cosmetics	787.4		-50.9	736.5
YSL Beauté	536.1		-0.6	535.5
Perfumes (4)	457.7	1,119.4	-109.3	1,467.9
Skincare Premium (1)			173.0	173.0
Urban Decay	152.7		-11.3	141.4
Shu Uemura	143.1		-5.7	137.4
L'Oréal Beauty Device (2)	24.6		-24.6	
Other	67.5		-0.7	66.8
L'Oréal Luxe Total	3,001.8	1,119.4	-33.5	4,087.6
CeraVe	635.4		-26.7	608.7
Vichy/Dermablend (3)	319.6	-1.1	-8.0	310.5
La Roche-Posay	169.0		-5.4	163.6
Other (1)	78.6		66.2	144.9
Active Cosmetics Total	1,202.7	-1.1	26.1	1,227.6
Other	69.6			69.6
GROUP TOTAL	9,585.6	1,368.7	-440.1	10,514.2

- (1) Reclassification related to Décléor/Carita.
- (2) Following the discontinuation of the Clarisonic brand, residual goodwill was fully written down.
  (3) Disposal of the Roger & Gallet brand on 29 June 2020.
  (4) Allocation of Azzaro-Mugler goodwill to the Perfumes Cash Generating Unit.

2020 acquisitions mainly relate to Azzaro/Mugler and Thayers for €1,372 million.

Following the strategic repositioning of the Décléor and Carita brands within the Active Cosmetics and Luxe Divisions with effect from 1 July 2020, Décléor-Carita goodwill of €137.4 million was reallocated, respectively, to the Skinceuticals Cash Generating Unit for Décléor for €71.2 million and to the new Skincare Premium Cash Generating Unit for Carita for €66.1 million, in view of the expected synergies between the brands belonging to these Cash Generating Units.

Héléna Rubinstein goodwill of €106.9 million was reallocated to the Skincare Premium Cash Generating Unit with the Carita brand to reflect the new dedicated operational structure for these two Skincare brands.

Other movements mainly reflect the negative impact of changes in exchange rates for €413.7 million, as well as the recognition of an impairment loss on Clarisonic (€25 million) due to the discontinuation of the brand.

The accumulated impairment losses relating to L'Oréal Beauty Device, Magic, Softsheen-Carson and Yue Sai amounted to €282.9 million, €149.1 million, €136.5 million and €30.3 million, respectively, at 31 December 2020.

€ millions				
2019	31.12.2018	Acquisitions/Disposals	Other movements	31.12.2019
Redken/PureOlogy	560.5	3.5	9.1	573.1
Matrix	405.8		7.3	413.1
L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase	388.9		5.6	394.5
Decléor and Carita	137.4			137.4
Other	66.1		1.8	67.9
Professional Products Total	1,558.7	3.5	23.8	1,586.0
Maybelline/Garnier	1,251.6		23.5	1,275.1
L'Oréal Paris	899.1		11.0	910.2
Stylenanda	429.4		1.3	430.7
NYX Professional Makeup	322.6		5.2	327.8
LaSCAD	158.3			158.3
Niely	139.7		-2.5	137.1
Other	495.4		-9.0	486.4
Consumer Products Total	3,696.1	-	29.4	3,725.5
Lancôme	825.3		7.3	832.6
IT Cosmetics	775.9		11.4	787.4
YSL Beauté	533.2		2.9	536.1
Perfumes	454.9		2.8	457.7
Urban Decay	150.2		2.5	152.7
Shu Uemura	137.9		5.3	143.1
L'Oréal Beauty Device (1)	71.3		-46.7	24.6
Other	65.0		2.6	67.5
L'Oréal Luxe Total	3,013.8	-	-12.0	3,001.8
CeraVe	629.5		5.9	635.4
Vichy/Dermablend	354.3		-34.6	319.6
La Roche-Posay	161.4		7.6	169.0
Other	77.6		1.1	78.6
Active Cosmetics Total	1,222.8	-	-20.1	1,202.7
Other	105.7		-36.1	69.6
GROUP TOTAL	9,597.1	3.5	-14.9	9,585.6

<sup>(1)</sup> This Cash Generating Unit mainly concerns Clarisonic.

No significant acquisitions or disposals took place during this financial year.

Other movements mainly reflect the positive impact of changes in exchange rates for 65.4 million, as well as the recognition of impairment losses on Clarisonic (47 million) and Roger & Gallet (36 million).

The accumulated impairment losses relating to L'Oréal Beauty Device, Magic, and Softsheen-Carson amounted to €279.7 million, €153.0 million, and €149.3 million, respectively at 31 December 2019.

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€ millions 2018	31.12.2017	Acquisitions/Disposals	Other movements	31.12.2018
Redken/PureOlogy	539.6		20.9	560.5
Matrix	391.5		14.3	405.8
L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase	380.3		8.6	388.9
Decléor and Carita	137.4			137.4
Other	3.0	62.5	0.6	66.1
Professional Products Total	1,451.7	62.5	44.4	1,558.7
Maybelline/Garnier	1,186.0		65.6	1,251.6
L'Oréal Paris	852.4		46.8	899.1
NYX Professional Makeup	310.2		12.4	322.6
LaSCAD	158.3			158.3
Niely	155.6		-15.9	139.7
Stylenanda	=	429.3	0.1	429.4
Other (1)	426.0	66.2	3.2	495.4
Consumer Products Total	3,088.5	495.5	112.1	3,696.1
Lancôme	795.1		30.2	825.3
IT Cosmetics	749.0		27.0	775.9
YSL Beauté	519.8		13.4	533.2
Perfumes	453.9		1.0	454.9
Urban Decay	144.1		6.1	150.2
Shu Uemura	129.3		8.6	137.9
L'Oréal Beauty Device (2)	69.8		1.5	71.3
Urban Decay	144.1		6.1	150.2
Other	64.6		0.4	65.0
L'Oréal Luxe Total	2,925.6	-	88.1	3,013.7
CeraVe	943.0		-313.5	629.5
Vichy/Dermablend	278.1		76.1	354.3
La Roche-Posay	52.4	8.7	100.3	161.4
Other	63.3		14.3	77.6
Active Cosmetics Total	1,336.8	8.7	-122.8	1,222.8
Other	69.6	36.1		105.7
GROUP TOTAL	8,872.3	602.8	121.9	9,597.1

The Magic Holdings business is no longer a full Cash Generating Unit due to the reorganisation of the distribution networks and the commercial structures that are now pooled together with the Consumer Products Division in China.
 This Cash Generating Unit mainly concerns Clarisonic.

The acquisitions in 2018 mainly involved Stylenanda, Logocos, ModiFace, Pulp Riot and the La Roche-Posay thermal centre, totalling €602.8 million.

The €943.0 million goodwill stemming from the acquisition of CeraVe was primarily allocated to the amount of €99.7 million to the La Roche-Posay Cash Generating Unit, €73.5 million to the Vichy Cash Generating Unit and €54.5 million to the L'Oréal Paris Cash Generating Unit on the basis of expected synergies.

No significant disposals took place during 2018.

Other movements mainly reflect the positive impact of changes in exchange rates for €124.6 million.

The accumulated impairment losses relating to L'Oréal Beauty Device, Magic, Softsheen-Carson, Yue-Sai and Sanoflore amounted to €228.3 million, €152.4 million, €146.3 million, €30.9 million and €35.7 million respectively at 31 December 2018.

#### **7.2.** Other intangible assets

#### Accounting principles

Intangible assets are recorded on the balance sheet at cost. Intangible assets identified following an acquisition as well as internally generated intangible assets are also included in this item.

# a) Intangible assets acquired through business combinations

They mainly consist of brands, customer relationships and formulas and patents.

With regard to brands, the use of the "discounted cash flow" method is preferred to enable the value in use to be monitored more easily following the acquisition. Two approaches have been adopted to date:

- premium-based approach: this method involves estimating the portion of future cash flows that could be generated by the brand, compared with the future cash flows that the activity could generate without the brand;
- royalty-based approach: this involves estimating the value of the brand by referencing the levels of royalties demanded for the use of similar brands. It is based on sales forecasts drawn up by the Group.

These approaches are based on a qualitative analysis of the brand in order to ensure that the assumptions selected are relevant. The discount rate used is based on the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) for the target acquired. Terminal growth rates are consistent with available market data (generally 2.5% for Europe and 3% for the rest of the world, except in specific cases).

A brand may have a finite or an indefinite useful life span.

Local brands which are to be gradually replaced by an international brand already existing within the Group have a finite useful life span.

They are amortised over their useful lives as estimated at the date of acquisition. International brands are brands which have an indefinite life span. They are tested for impairment at least once a year during the fourth quarter, and whenever an adverse event occurs. Adverse events may result among other things from an increase in market interest rates or from a decrease in actual net sales or operational profit compared to forecasts.

The impairment test consists of calculating the recoverable amount of the brand based on the model adopted when the acquisition took place.

Customer relationships refer to relations developed with customers either through contractual arrangements or by non-contractual means through constant revenue streams resulting from the target's competitive position or reputation in its market

The useful life of a customer relationship is limited and varies depending on the estimated attrition rate of existing customers at the time of the acquisition.

The Group may decide to identify and value patents and formulas that it intends to develop.

The value of a patent or a formula is assessed on the basis of the future profits expected from its ownership in the future, in accordance with the royalty-based approach.

The amortisation period applicable to patents corresponds to the period during which they enjoy legal protection. Formulas, which are not protected by legal means, are amortised over a maximum period of 5 years.

#### b) Internally generated intangible assets

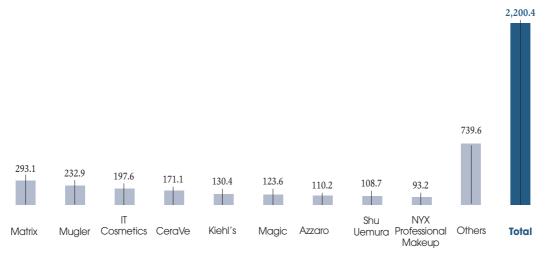
These mainly consist of software.

Innovation costs of software for internal use are capitalised for the programming, coding and testing phases. The costs of substantial updates and upgrades resulting in additional functions are also capitalised.

Capitalised innovation costs are amortised from the date the software is made available in the entity concerned and over its probable useful life, which, in most cases, is between 5 and 8 years.

€ millions 2020	31.12.2019	Acquisitions/ Depreciation	Disposals/ Reversals	Changes in the scope of consolidation	Other movements (1)	31.12.2020
Brands with indefinite useful life (2)	1,943.6		-23.2	387.5	-107.5	2,200.4
Amortisable brands and product ranges	99.0	0.1	-1.2		-5.7	92.3
Licences and patents	730.5	15.7	-5.2	0.8	-3.0	738.7
Software	1,549.6	71.6	-82.3	5.8	82.8	1,627.5
Customer relationships	610.8		-11.4	6.5	-42.3	563.6
Other	239.8	157.2	-9.6		-169.2	218.1
Gross value	5,173.1	244.6	-132.9	400.7	-244.9	5,440.6
Brands with indefinite useful life	212.4	63.6	-22.2		-11.7	242.1
Amortisable brands and product ranges	75.2	3.5	-1.2		-3.9	73.6
Licences and patents	172.9	10.3	-0.3	0.1	-2.9	180.1
Software	1,066.1	183.4	-82.3	4.7	-57.8	1,114.1
Customer relationships	458.7	42.7%	-11.4		-34.9	455.1
Other	24.1		-3.6		-1.2	19.3
Depreciation and provisions	2,009.4	303.4	-120.8	4.8	-112.4	2,084.3
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - NET	3,163.8	-58.8	-12.1	395.9	-132.5	3,356.3

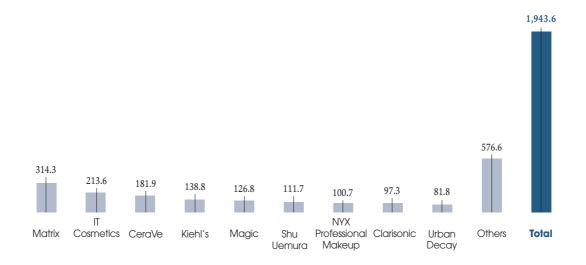
(1) Other movements mainly consisted of the impact of hyperinflation in Argentina and the negative change in exchange rates over the period totalling -€135.1 million.
 (2) At end-2020, the gross value of brands with an indefinite useful life span breaks down as follows:



Accumulated impairment losses relating to brands amounted to €90.4 million on Clarisonic, €51.4 million on Softsheen-Carson, €44.9 million on Magic, €41.5 million on Yue-Sai and €14.0 million on Biomedic at 31 December 2020.

€ millions		Acquisitions/	Disposals/	Changes in the scope of	Other	
2019	31.12.2018	Depreciation	Reversals	consolidation	movements (1)	31.12.2019
Brands with indefinite useful life (2)	1,906.4				37.2	1,943.6
Amortisable brands and product ranges	101.3		-2.8		0.5	99.0
Licences and patents	579.9	140.1			10.5	730.5
Software	1,380.8	80.4	-38.1		126.5	1,549.6
Customer relationships	605.0			1.3	4.4	610.8
Key money	74.2				-74.2	0.0
Other	197.6	144.9	-8.6		-94.1	239.8
Gross value	4,845.1	365.4	-49.5	1.3	10.8	5,173.1
Brands with indefinite useful life	156.1	55.3			1.0	212.4
Amortisable brands and product ranges	72.3	3.5	-0.9		0.3	75.2
Licences and patents	163.7	8.7			0.5	172.9
Software	936.5	157.0	-38.0		10.6	1,066.1
Customer relationships	404.2	48.2			6.3	458.7
Key money	14.1				-14.1	0.0
Other	10.8	10.2	-4.8		7.9	24.1
Depreciation and provisions	1,757.8	282.9	-43.7		12.4	2,009.4
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - NET	3,087.3	82.5	-5.8	1.3	-1.6	3,163.8

Other movements mainly include the reclassification of €60.1 million in key money to right-of-use assets on 1 January 2019, which was offset by the final granting of the acquisition of Logocos purchased in 2018. The Group allocated €14.5 million to the brands with an indefinite useful life span line and €9.9 million to the Licences and patents line. Lastly, there was a €31.3 million positive change in exchange rates over the period.
 At end-2019, the gross value of brands with an indefinite useful life span breaks down as follows:



€ millions 2018	31.12.2017	Acquisitions/ Depreciation	Disposals/ Reversals	Change in the scope of consolidation (2)	Other movements (1)	31.12.2018
Brands with indefinite useful life (3)	1,761.0	-	-	93.8	51.6	1,906.4
Amortisable brands and product ranges	111.0	-	-9.6	-	-0.2	101.3
Licences and patents	308.3	265.0	-	5.6	1.0	579.9
Software	1,172.0	89.7	-24.2	1.3	142.1	1,380.8
Customer relationships	542.6	-	-	41.9	20.5	605.0
Key money	53.0	23.1	-1.8	-	-0.2	74.2
Other	198.5	126.2	-0.3	0.4	-127.1	197.6
Gross value	4,146.4	504.0	-35.9	142.9	87.7	4,845.1
Brands with indefinite useful life	154.8	-	-	-	1.3	156.1
Amortisable brands and product ranges	78.2	3.9	-9.6	-	-0.3	72.3
Licences and patents	149.0	12.4	-	1.4	0.9	163.7
Software	816.6	128.6	-24.5	1.0	14.7	936.5
Customer relationships	349.6	40.8	-	-	13.8	404.2
Key money	8.6	7.3	-1.8	-	0.0	14.1
Other	10.4	1.8	-0.1	0.1	-1.4	10.8
Depreciation and provisions	1,567.4	194.8	-35.9	2.6	28.9	1,757.8
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - NET	2,579.1	309.1	0.0	140.3	58.8	3,087.3

- (1) Other movements mainly consisted of the positive change in exchange rates over the period for €60.9 million.
- (2) This mainly relates to changes in the scope of consolidation: Stylenanda, Pulp Riot and Logocos.
  (3) At 31 December 2018, brands with an indefinite useful life span mainly included Matrix (€309.7 million), IT Cosmetics (€210.1 million), CeraVe (€179.5 million), Kiehl's (€137.0 million), Magic (€126.3 million), Shu Uemura (€109.1 million), NYX Professional Makeup (€99.1 million), Clarisonic (€95.8 million), Decléor and Carita (€81.4 million).

Accumulated impairment losses relating to brands amounted to €53.9 million on Softsheen-Carson, €45.9 million on Magic, €42.4 million on Yue-Sai and €14.0 million on Biomedic at 31 December 2018.

#### 7.3. Impairment tests on intangible assets

# Accounting principles

Goodwill is not amortised. It is tested for impairment at least once a year during the fourth quarter or whenever an adverse event occurs. Adverse events may result among other things from an increase in market interest rates or from a decrease in actual net sales or operational profit compared to forecasts.

Impairment tests consist of comparing the carrying amount of assets including goodwill with the recoverable amount of each Cash Generating Unit. A Cash Generating Unit corresponds to one or more worldwide brands. A Cash Generating Unit can contain several brands depending on organisational criteria and particularly when distribution circuits and commercial/management structures are pooled. Recoverable values are determined on the basis of discounted operating cash flow forecasts covering a period of 10 years (the period considered necessary for the strategic positioning of an acquisition) and a terminal value. The cash flows are determined in the currencies of the

countries in question and are translated, in the same way as the net carrying amounts to which they are compared, at the estimated exchange rate for the following year. The discount rate used for these calculations is based on the weighted average cost of capital (WACC), which amounted to 7.3% in 2020, to 6.8% in 2019 and 6.9% in 2018 for amounts in euro, adjusted where appropriate by a country risk premium according to the geographic zones concerned. The discount rates are post-tax rates applied to post-tax cash flows, and result in recoverable amounts identical to those obtained by applying pre-tax rates to pretax cash flows. The assumptions adopted in terms of sales growth and terminal values are reasonable and consistent with the available market data (generally 2.5% for Europe and 3% for the rest of the world for terminal values except in

The use of discounted cash flow forecasts is preferred in order to determine recoverable amounts, unless details of similar recent transactions are readily available.

Impairment charged against goodwill cannot be reversed.

Impairment tests of Cash Generating Units for which the carrying amount of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives is significant, are carried out based on the following data and assumptions:

Perfumb		_	Discount rate (%)		
Perfurmes	€ millions			USA	
Molybelline/Garnier         1,951.6         7.3	Test 2020				
Consentics   945.1   7.3   7.1   7.1   7.1   7.2   7.3	Perfumes	2,238.5	7.3	7.8	
Concime	Maybelline/Garnier	1,297.6	7.3	7.8	
Lancôme         829.7         7.3         7.7           CeroVe         780.0         7.3         <	IT Cosmetics	945.1	7.3	7.8	
CeraVe         780.0         7.3         7           Mothits         692.0         7.3         7           Mothits         692.0         7.3         7           YSL Beaufe         691.0         7.3         7           Stylenanda         515.6         7.3         7           NYX Professional Makeup         403.7         7.3         7           L'Oried Professionale Miscratese         382.6         7.3         7           Shu Uemura         246.2         7.3         7           Uchan Decay         212.2         7.3         7           Test 2019           Macybeiline/Gamler         1,275.1         6.8         7           Todal Decay         212.2         7.3         7           Test 2019         7         7         7           Macybeiline/Gamler         1,275.1         6.8         7           Todal Decay         21.2         7.3         7           Test 2019         1,275.1         6.8         7           Todal Park 2         8.8         7           L'Oried Paris         9.10.2         6.8         7           L'Oried Paris         9.2         8.8 <t< td=""><td>L'Oréal Paris</td><td>892.0</td><td>7.3</td><td>7.8</td></t<>	L'Oréal Paris	892.0	7.3	7.8	
Matrix         692.0         7.3         7.8           Recken/PuroOlogy         651.1         7.3         7.8           Style Beaulé         553.6         7.3         7.8           Stylenanda         517.0         7.3         7.7           NYX Professional Makeup         403.7         7.3         7.7         7.2         7.7         7.3         7.2         7.2         7.2	Lancôme	829.7	7.3	7.8	
Redken/PueOlogy         621.1         7.3         7.7           YSL Beourlé         535.6         7.3           YSK Pendrad         517.0         7.3           NYX Professional Makeup         403.7         7.3         7.7           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kératlase         382.6         7.3         7.7           Vichry/Dermothein         382.4         7.3         7.7           Shu Ulemura         246.2         7.3         7.7           Urban Decay         221.2         7.3         7.7           Test 2019           Molybeiline/Gamier         1,275.1         6.8         7           TC-Straffe         1,001.0         6.8         7           L'Oréal Paris         1,001.0         6.8         7           L'Oréal Paris         910.2         6.8         7           Matrix         727.4         6.8         7           Matrix         727.4 </td <td>CeraVe</td> <td>780.0</td> <td>7.3</td> <td>7.8</td>	CeraVe	780.0	7.3	7.8	
SI Beaulé         535.6         7.3           Sylenond         617.0         7.3           INXP Professional Makeup         403.7         7.3         7           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         382.6         7.3         7           Vichy/Dermablend         324.9         7.3         7           Nu Uemura         246.2         7.3         7           Brown Decay         212.2         7.3         7           Brown Decay         212.2         7.3         7           Test 2019           Maybelline/Gamler         1,275.1         6.8         7           IT Cosmelics         1,001.0         6.8         7           L'Oréal País         1,001.0         6.8         7           Lancôme         332.6         6.8         7           L'Oréal País         1,001.0         6.8         7           Redisen/Pureollogy         455.5         6.8         7           Syl Beauté         351.1         6.8 </td <td>Matrix</td> <td>692.0</td> <td>7.3</td> <td>7.8</td>	Matrix	692.0	7.3	7.8	
Ys. Decoule         3536         7.3           NYX Professional Makeup         403.7         7.3         7           ***Coffed Professionale/!kérastase         382.6         7.3         7           ***Coffed Professionale/!kérastase         324.9         7.3         7           ***Coffed Professionale/!kérastase         324.9         7.3         7           ***Shu Uemura         246.2         7.3         7           ***Uchy Demachien         126.2         7.3         7           ***Uchy Demachien         127.1         6.8         7           ***Test 2019         ****Test 2019         ************************************	Redken/PureOlogy	621.1	7.3	7.8	
Sylenthid   Syle	YSL Beauté	535.6	7.3	(1)	
Coréal Professionnel/Kérastose   382.6   7.3   7.3   7.5     Vichy/Dermoblend   324.9   7.3     Vichy/Dermoblend   246.2   7.3     Urban Decoy   221.2   7.3   7.5     Vichy Dermoblend   221.2   7.3   7.5     Vichy Decoy   221.2   7.3   7.5     Vichy Decoy   7.5   7.5   7.5     Vichy Decoy   7.5   7.5   7.5   7.5     Vichy Decoy   7.5   7.5   7.5   7.5   7.5   7.5     I Cosmetics   1,001.0   6.8   7.5     I Cosmetics   1,001.0   6.8   7.5     I Cordel Paris   910.2   6.8   7.5     CeraVe   817.3   6.8   7.5     CeraVe   817.3   6.8   7.5     Matrix   77.4   6.8   7.5     Kelken/PureOlogy   645.5   6.8   7.5     YSL Beauté   536.1   6.8     Stylenanda   566.6   6.8   7.5     YSL Beauté   536.1   6.8   7.5     YSY Professional Makeup   428.5   6.8   7.5     Coréal Professionnel/Kérastose   394.6   6.8   7.5     I Cosmetics   394.6   6.9   8.5     I Cosmetics   394.6   6.9   8.5     I Cosmetics   395.1   6.9   8.5     I Cosmetics   395.1   6.9   8.5     Kortanie   3	Stylenanda	517.0	7.3	(1)	
Vichy/Dermablend         324,9         7.3           Shu Uemura         262,2         7.3         7.3           Urban Decay         221,2         7.3         7.3         7.5           Test 2019         Waybelline/Gamier         1.275.1         6.8         7.7           L'Oréal Paris         1,001,0         6.8         7.7           L'Oréal Paris         910,2         6.8         7.7           L'Oréal Paris         812,3         6.8         7.7           CeraVe         817,3         6.8         7.7           Redken/PureOlogy         645,5         6.8         7.7           Style Beauté         536,1         6.8         7.7           Style Beauté         506,6         6.8         7.7           Perfure Business         474,0         6.8         7.7           Vichy/Dermablend         334,6         6.8         7.7           Vichy/Dermablend         354,6         6.9         8           Maybelline/Garnier <t< td=""><td>NYX Professional Makeup</td><td>403.7</td><td>7.3</td><td>7.8</td></t<>	NYX Professional Makeup	403.7	7.3	7.8	
Vichy/Dermablend         324,9         7.3           Shu Uemura         262,2         7.3         7.3           Urban Decay         221,2         7.3         7.3         7.5           Test 2019         Waybelline/Gamier         1.275.1         6.8         7.7           L'Oréal Paris         1,001,0         6.8         7.7           L'Oréal Paris         910,2         6.8         7.7           L'Oréal Paris         812,3         6.8         7.7           CeraVe         817,3         6.8         7.7           Redken/PureOlogy         645,5         6.8         7.7           Style Beauté         536,1         6.8         7.7           Style Beauté         506,6         6.8         7.7           Perfure Business         474,0         6.8         7.7           Vichy/Dermablend         334,6         6.8         7.7           Vichy/Dermablend         354,6         6.9         8           Maybelline/Garnier <t< td=""><td>L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase</td><td>382.6</td><td>7.3</td><td>7.8</td></t<>	L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase	382.6	7.3	7.8	
Shu Uemura         246.2         7.3         7           Uiban Decay         221.2         7.3         7           Test 2019         T         T         8.3         7           If Cosmetics         1,001.0         6.8         7           L'Oréal Paris         1,001.0         6.8         7           CeraVe         817.3         6.8         7           CeraVe         817.3         6.8         7           Matrix         727.4         6.8         7           YSL Beauté         536.1         6.8         7           YSL Beauté         474.0         6.8         7           YSL Beauté         6.8         7           Toréal Professionnel/Kérastase         394.6         6.8         7           YSL Beauté         6.8 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(1)</td>				(1)	
Urban Decay         221.2         7.3         7.7           Test 2D17         Test 2D17         5.8         7           MrCybelline/Garnier         1,275.1         6.8         7           If Cosmetics         1,001.0         6.8         7           L'Oréal Paris         1910.2         6.8         7           CeraVe         817.3         6.8         7           CeraVe         817.3         6.8         7           Mdrifk         727.4         6.8         7           Redken/PureOlogy         65.5         6.8         7           YSL Beauté         536.1         6.8         7           Stylenanda         506.6         6.8         7           Perfume Business         474.0         6.8         7           RySt Professional Mickeup         428.5         6.8         7           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         394.6         6.8         7           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         394.6         6.8         7           Test 2018         7         8         7           Test 2018         8         7         8         8         7         8         9         8         8	·			(1)	
Naybelline/Garnier		221.2		7.8	
	·				
	Maybelline/Garnier	1,275.1	6.8	7.8	
L'Oréal Paris         910.2         6.8         7           Lancôme         832.6         6.8         7           CeraVe         817.3         6.8         7           Matrix         727.4         6.8         7           Redken/PureOlogy         645.5         6.8         7           YSL Beauté         530.1         6.8         7           YSL Beauté         530.1         6.8         7           Perfume Busines         474.0         6.8         7           NYX Professional Makeup         428.5         6.8         7           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         394.6         6.8         7           Vichy/Dermablend         335.4         6.8         7           Shu Uemura         254.8         6.8         7           Test 2018         7         7         8         8         7           Maybelline/Gamler         1.251.6         6.9         8         8           Test 2018         899.1         6.9         8         8         9         8         9         8         9         8         9         8         9         8         9         8         9         8         9	·			7.8	
Lancôme         832.6         6.8         7           CerroVe         817.3         6.8         7           Matrix         727.4         6.8         7           Redken/PureOlogy         645.5         6.8         7           Redken/PureOlogy         645.5         6.8         7           YSL Beauté         536.1         6.8         7           Stylenanda         506.6         6.8         7           Perfume Business         474.0         6.8         7           NYX Professional Makeup         428.5         6.8         7           Vichy/Demablend         394.6         6.8         7           Vichy/Demablend/Kriastase         394.6         6.8         7           Vichy/Demablend         355.4         6.8         7           Vichy/Demablend         355.4         6.8         7           Maybelline/Gamier         1,251.6         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         899.1         6.9         8				7.8	
CeraVe         817.3         6.8         7           Matrix         727.4         6.8         7           Redken/PureOlogy         645.5         6.8         7           YSL Beauté         536.1         6.8         7           Stylenanda         506.6         6.8         7           Perfume Business         474.0         6.8         7           NYX Professional Makeup         428.5         6.8         7           ViChy/Demablend         335.4         6.8         7           ViChy/Demablend         335.4         6.8         8           Shu Uemura         254.8         6.8         7           Test 2018         8         7         8           Motybelline/Garnier         1,251.6         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         890.1         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         899.1         6.9         8           Lancôme         825.3         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         899.0         6.9         8           Lancôme         809.0         6.9         8           L'Oréal Professional Makeup         533.2         6.9         8				7.8	
Matrix         727.4         6.8         7           Redken/PureOlogy         645.5         6.8         7           YSL Beaufé         536.1         6.8           Stylenanda         506.6         6.8         7           Perfume Business         474.0         6.8         7           NYX Professional Makeup         428.5         6.8         7           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         394.6         6.8         7           Vichy/Dermablend         335.4         6.8         7           Shu Uemura         254.8         6.8         7           Test 2018         8         7         8           IT Cosmetics         98.0         6.9         8           I' Coréal Paris         899.1         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         899.1         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         899.0         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         899.1         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         899.0         6.9         8           Matrix         715.5         6.9         8           Redken/PureOlogy         631.6         6.9         8           N				7.8	
Redken/PureOlogy         645.5         6.8         7           YSL Beauté         536.1         6.8           Stylenanda         506.6         6.8         7           Perfume Business         474.0         6.8         7           Perfume Business         474.0         6.8         7           L'Oréasional Makeup         428.5         6.8         7           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         394.6         6.8         7           Vichy/Dermablend         335.4         6.8         7           Vichy/Dermablend         335.4         6.8         7           Vichy/Dermablend         354.6         6.8         7           Vichy/Dermablend         385.4         6.8         7           Waybelline/Garnier         1,251.6         6.9         8           IT Cosmetics         980.0         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         899.1         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         899.1         6.9         8           L'accème         825.3         6.9         8           CeraVe         809.0         6.9         8           Matrix         715.5         6.9         8				7.8	
YSL Beauté         536.1         6.8           Stylenanda         506.6         6.8         7           Perfume Business         474.0         6.8         7           NYX Professional Makeup         428.5         6.8         7           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         394.6         6.8         7           Vichy/Dermablend         335.4         6.8         7           Yichy/Demablend         335.4         6.8         7           Test 2018         Test 2018         20         8           IT Cosmetics         980.0         6.9         8           I' Oréal Paris         899.1         6.9         8           L' Oréal Paris         899.1         6.9         8           CeraVe         809.0         6.9         8           Matrix         715.5         6.9         8           Redken/PureOlogy         631.6         6.9         8           YSL Beauté         533.2         6.9         8           NYX Professional Makeup         471.2         6.9         8           Vichy/Dermablend         377.5         6.9         8           Vichy/Dermablend         377.5         6.9         8 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>7.8</td>				7.8	
Stylenanda         506.6         6.8         7           Perfume Business         474.0         6.8         7           NYX Professional Makeup         428.5         6.8         7           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         394.6         6.8         7           Vichy/Dermablend         335.4         6.8         7           Shu Uemura         254.8         6.8         7           Test 2018			6.8	(1)	
Perfume Business         474.0         6.8         7           NYX Professional Makeup         428.5         6.8         7           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         394.6         6.8         7           Vichy/Dermablend         335.4         6.8         7           Vichy/Dermablend         254.8         6.8         8           Test 2018         ************************************	Stylenanda	506.6		7.8	
NYX Professional Makeup         428.5         6.8         7           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         394.6         6.8         7           Vichy/Dermablend         335.4         6.8         8           Shu Uemura         254.8         6.8         8           Test 2018           Maybelline/Garnier         1,251.6         6.9         8           I' Cosmetics         986.0         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         899.1         6.9         8           L'ancôme         825.3         6.9         8           CeraVe         809.0         6.9         8           Matrix         715.5         6.9         8           YSL Beauté         533.2         6.9         8           YSL Beauté         533.2         6.9         8           NYX Professional Makeup         421.7         6.9         8           NYX Professionnel/Kérastase         389.0         6.9         8           Vichy/Dermablend         377.5         6.9         8           Vichy/Dermablend         230.8         6.9         8	·	474.0	6.8	7.8	
L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       394.6       6.8       7         Vichy/Dermablend       335.4       6.8         Shu Uemura       254.8       6.8         Test 2018         Maybelline/Gamier       1,251.6       6.9       8         IT Cosmetics       986.0       6.9       8         L'Oréal Paris       899.1       6.9       8         Lancôme       825.3       6.9       8         CeraVe       809.0       6.9       8         Matrix       715.5       6.9       8         YSL Beauté       533.2       6.9       8         YSL Beauté       533.2       6.9       8         NYX Professional Makeup       421.7       6.9       8         L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       389.0       6.9       8         Vichy/Dermablend       377.5       6.9       8         Urban Decay       230.8       6.9       8	NYX Professional Makeup	428.5		7.8	
Viciny/Dermablend         353.4         6.8           Shu Uemura         254.8         6.8           Test 2018         Maybelline/Garnier           II Cosmetics         986.0         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         899.1         6.9         8           Lancôme         825.3         6.9         8           CeraVe         809.0         6.9         8           Matrix         715.5         6.9         8           Redken/PureOlogy         631.6         6.9         8           YSL Beauté         533.2         6.9         8           Perfume Business         471.2         6.9         8           NYX Professional Makeup         421.7         6.9         8           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         389.0         6.9         8           Vichy/Dermablend         377.5         6.9         8           Urban Decay         230.8         6.9         8	·	394.6		7.8	
Test 2018         254.8         6.8           Maybelline/Garnier         1,251.6         6.9         8           IT Cosmetics         986.0         6.9         8           L'Oréal Paris         899.1         6.9         8           Lancôme         825.3         6.9         8           CeraVe         809.0         6.9         8           Matrix         715.5         6.9         8           Redken/PureOlogy         631.6         6.9         8           YSL Beauté         533.2         6.9         8           Perfume Business         471.2         6.9         8           NYX Professional Makeup         421.7         6.9         8           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         389.0         6.9         8           Vichy/Dermablend         377.5         6.9         8           Urban Decay         230.8         6.9         8	Vichy/Dermablend	335.4	6.8	(1)	
Maybelline/Garnier       1,251.6       6.9       8         IT Cosmetics       986.0       6.9       8         L'Oréal Paris       899.1       6.9       8         Lancôme       825.3       6.9       8         CeraVe       809.0       6.9       8         Matrix       715.5       6.9       8         Redken/PureOlogy       631.6       6.9       8         YSL Beauté       533.2       6.9         Perfume Business       471.2       6.9       8         NYX Professional Makeup       421.7       6.9       8         L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       389.0       6.9       8         Vichy/Dermablend       377.5       6.9       8         Urban Decay       230.8       6.9       8	·	254.8		(1)	
IT Cosmetics       986.0       6.9       8         L'Oréal Paris       899.1       6.9       8         Lancôme       825.3       6.9       8         CeraVe       809.0       6.9       8         Matrix       715.5       6.9       8         Redken/PureOlogy       631.6       6.9       8         YSL Beauté       533.2       6.9         Perfume Business       471.2       6.9       8         NYX Professional Makeup       421.7       6.9       8         L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       389.0       6.9       8         Vichy/Dermablend       377.5       6.9         Urban Decay       230.8       6.9       8	Test 2018				
IT Cosmetics       986.0       6.9       8         L'Oréal Paris       899.1       6.9       8         Lancôme       825.3       6.9       8         CeraVe       809.0       6.9       8         Matrix       715.5       6.9       8         Redken/PureOlogy       631.6       6.9       8         YSL Beauté       533.2       6.9         Perfume Business       471.2       6.9       8         NYX Professional Makeup       421.7       6.9       8         L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       389.0       6.9       8         Vichy/Dermablend       377.5       6.9         Urban Decay       230.8       6.9       8	Maybelline/Garnier	1,251.6	6.9	8.1	
Lancôme       825.3       6.9       8         CeraVe       809.0       6.9       8         Matrix       715.5       6.9       8         Redken/PureOlogy       631.6       6.9       8         YSL Beauté       533.2       6.9         Perfume Business       471.2       6.9       8         NYX Professional Makeup       421.7       6.9       8         L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       389.0       6.9       8         Vichy/Dermablend       377.5       6.9         Urban Decay       230.8       6.9       8	·		6.9	8.1	
CeraVe       809.0       6.9       8         Matrix       715.5       6.9       8         Redken/PureOlogy       631.6       6.9       8         YSL Beauté       533.2       6.9         Perfume Business       471.2       6.9       8         NYX Professional Makeup       421.7       6.9       8         L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       389.0       6.9       8         Vichy/Dermablend       377.5       6.9         Urban Decay       230.8       6.9       8	L'Oréal Paris	899.1	6.9	8.1	
CeraVe       809.0       6.9       8         Matrix       715.5       6.9       8         Redken/PureOlogy       631.6       6.9       8         YSL Beauté       533.2       6.9         Perfume Business       471.2       6.9       8         NYX Professional Makeup       421.7       6.9       8         L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       389.0       6.9       8         Vichy/Dermablend       377.5       6.9         Urban Decay       230.8       6.9       8	Lancôme	825.3	6.9	8.1	
Redken/PureOlogy       631.6       6.9       8         YSL Beauté       533.2       6.9         Perfume Business       471.2       6.9       8         NYX Professional Makeup       421.7       6.9       8         L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       389.0       6.9       8         Vichy/Dermablend       377.5       6.9         Urban Decay       230.8       6.9       8	CeraVe		6.9	8.1	
Redken/PureOlogy       631.6       6.9       8         YSL Beauté       533.2       6.9         Perfume Business       471.2       6.9       8         NYX Professional Makeup       421.7       6.9       8         L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       389.0       6.9       8         Vichy/Dermablend       377.5       6.9         Urban Decay       230.8       6.9       8	Matrix			8.1	
YSL Beauté       533.2       6.9         Perfume Business       471.2       6.9       8         NYX Professional Makeup       421.7       6.9       8         L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       389.0       6.9       8         Vichy/Dermablend       377.5       6.9         Urban Decay       230.8       6.9       8				8.1	
Perfume Business       471.2       6.9       8         NYX Professional Makeup       421.7       6.9       8         L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       389.0       6.9       8         Vichy/Dermablend       377.5       6.9         Urban Decay       230.8       6.9       8				(1)	
NYX Professional Makeup         421.7         6.9         8           L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase         389.0         6.9         8           Vichy/Dermablend         377.5         6.9         6.9         8           Urban Decay         230.8         6.9         8				8.1	
L'Oréal Professionnel/Kérastase       389.0       6.9       8         Vichy/Dermablend       377.5       6.9         Urban Decay       230.8       6.9       8				8.1	
Vichy/Dermablend         377.5         6.9           Urban Decay         230.8         6.9         8				8.1	
Urban Decay 230.8 6.9 8				(1)	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			8.1	
20.00.200.0., 20.000	L'Oréal Beauty Device	167.1	6.9	8.1	

<sup>(1)</sup> Since the US dollar amounts for these CGUs are not material, no specific discount rate has been used in this respect.

Due to the crisis resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic, we have factored the slowdown in activity into the tests carried out on the Cash Generating Units, taking into account new consumer habits (in particular e-commerce) but without calling into question the prospects for growth and profitability over future years of the business plans. No impairment of goodwill or other intangible assets was recorded for the 2020 financial year.

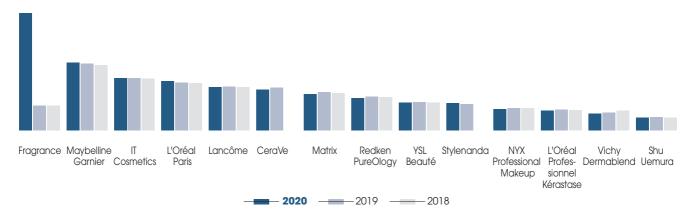
At 31 December 2020, a 1% increase in the discount rate on all the Group's Cash Generating Units would lead to an impairment loss risk of around €58.0 million.

A 1% decrease in the terminal growth rate on all the Group's Cash Generating Units would lead to an impairment loss risk of around €30.0 million.

The terminal growth rate is consistent with market data, *i.e.* 2.5% for Europe and 3% for the rest of the world.

A 1-point decrease in the margin rate over the business plan period on all the Group's Cash Generating Units would lead to an impairment loss risk of around €21.6 million.

The net carrying amount of goodwill and brands with indefinite useful life breaks down as follows for the largest Cash Generating Units:



#### **NOTE 8.** Investments in associates

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Investments in associates			
LIPP Distribution (1)	10.5	10.1	8.1
Other	0.6	0.8	0.9
TOTAL	11.1	10.9	9.0

<sup>(1)</sup> On 13 June 2018, L'Oréal acquired 49% of the Tunisian company LIPP Distribution, which distributes the Group's brands in Tunisia.

#### NOTE 9. Financial assets and liabilities - Cost of debt

# Accounting principles

#### Finance costs, net

Net financial debt consists of all current and non-current financial borrowings and debt, less cash and cash equivalents.

Net finance costs consist of income and expenses arising on the items making up net financial debt during the accounting period, including gains and losses on the corresponding interest rate and foreign exchange rate hedges. As interest rate derivatives are fully effective, no ineffectiveness impacts finance costs.

#### Borrowings and debt

Borrowings and debt are valued at amortised cost based on an effective interest rate.

In accordance with the principle of fair value hedge accounting, fixed-rate borrowings and debt swapped at a floating rate are valued on the balance sheet at market value. The resulting changes in value are recorded as finance costs and are offset by changes in the value of the related interest rate swaps.

The fair value of fixed-rate debt is determined by the discounted cash flow method using bond yield curves at the closing date, allowing for the spread corresponding to the Group's risk class to be taken into account.

The carrying amount of floating-rate debt is a reasonable approximation of its fair value.

Medium- and long-term borrowings and debt are recorded under Non-current liabilities. Short-term borrowings and debt as well as the current portion of medium- and long-term borrowings and debt are presented under Current liabilities.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in bank accounts, units of cash unit trusts and liquid short-term investments with a negligible risk of changes in value and a maturity date of less than three months at the date of acquisition.

Investments in shares and cash, which are held in an account blocked for more than three months, cannot be recorded under cash and are presented under Other current assets.

Bank overdrafts considered to be financing are presented in Current borrowings and debt.

The money-market unit trusts are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. As such, they are valued in the balance sheet at their market value at the closing date. Any related unrealised gains are accounted for in Finance costs, Net in the income statement.

The carrying amount of bank deposits is a reasonable approximation of their fair value.

# Non-current financial assets

Non-current financial assets include investments in non-consolidated companies and long-term loans and receivables maturing after more than 12 months.

Investments in non-consolidated companies are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. As such, they are valued on the basis of their fair value, and unrealised losses and gains

are accounted for through equity on the line Other comprehensive income.

The fair value of listed securities is determined on the basis of the share price at the closing date. For unlisted securities, in the absence of specific events, their acquisition cost is deemed to be the best possible estimate of fair value.

Long-term loans and receivables are considered to be assets generated by the business. As such, they are valued at amortised cost. If there is an indication of a loss in value, a provision for impairment is recorded.

#### 9.1. Borrowings and debt

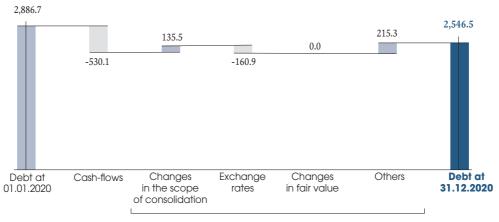
The Group takes out bank loans to cover its medium-term financing needs and issues short-term marketable instruments in France and commercial paper in the US to cover its financing needs in the short term. None of the Group's borrowings or debt contains an early repayment clause linked to financial ratios (covenants).

#### 9.1.1. Debt by type

	31.12.2020		31.12.2019		31.12.2018	
€ millions	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Short-term marketable instruments	-	706.4	-	601.1	-	748.6
MLT bank loans	-	-	-	-	0.6	-
Debt on finance lease contracts	-	-	-	-	3.6	2.4
Lease debt	1,294.7	386.9	1,628.0	407.9	-	-
Overdrafts	-	61.6	-	136.8	-	363.8
Other borrowings and debt	8.6	88.3	9.6	103.3	9.3	113.0
TOTAL	1,303.3	1,243.2	1,637.6	1,249.1	13.5	1,227.8

#### 9.1.2. Change in debt

			"Non-cash" changes				
€ millions	31.12.2019	Cash-flows	Changes in the scope of consolidation	Translation adjustments	Changes in fair value	Other	31.12.2020
Short-term marketable instruments	601.1	138.1	-	-32.8	-	-	706.4
MLT bank loans	0.0	-3.6	3.6	-	-	-	-
Lease debt	2,035.9	-451.8	-	-110.4	-	207.9	1,681.6
Overdrafts	136.9	-71.5	3.4	-7.2	-	-	61.6
Other borrowings and debt	112.9	-141.3	128.5	-10.5	=	7.4	96.9
TOTAL	2,886.7	-530.1	135.5	-160.9		215.3	2,546.5



Non-cash changes

#### 9.1.3. Debt by maturity date

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Less than 1 year (1)	1,243.2	1,249.1	1,227.8
1 to 5 years	994.8	1,162.3	3.6
More than 5 years	308.5	475.3	9.9
TOTAL	2,546.5	2,886.7	1,241.4

<sup>(1)</sup> At 31 December 2020, the Group had confirmed undrawn credit lines for €5,363.0 million compared with €3,801.1 million at 31 December 2019 and €3,643.6 million at 31 December 2018. These lines were not subject to any covenants.

Estimated interest expense at 31 December 2020, as at 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018, is not material given the outstanding debt at these dates, comprising short-term marketable instruments drawn at very short terms and at negative interest rates in France, very short-term miscellaneous borrowings contracted locally by subsidiaries, and lease debts.

These estimates are computed on the basis of the effective interest rate at the end of the financial year, after allowing for hedging instruments and assuming that no debt is rolled over at maturity.

#### 9.1.4. Debt by currency excluding lease debts

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Euro (EUR)	382.0	284.2	404.8
US Dollar (USD)	368.4	422.2	571.7
Colombian Peso (COP)	34.8	27.0	25.4
Chilean Peso (CLP)	24.1	27.5	26.2
South African Rand (ZAR)	14.0	9.3	6.7
Egyptian Pound (EGP)	13.9	14.5	20.6
Pakistani Rupee (PKR)	7.4	6.2	4.0
Kenyan Shilling (KES)	6.4	11.5	10.6
Russian rouble (RUB)	6.1	2.3	1.6
Turkish lira (TRY)	5.4	0.4	6.5
Ghana Cedi (GHS)	1.5	4.0	3.6
Other	0.9	41.7	159.7
TOTAL	864.9	850.8	1,241.4

#### 9.1.5. Breakdown of fixed rate - floating rate debt (after allowing for interest rate hedging instruments)

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Floating rate	768.2	757.4	1,162.0
Fixed rate including lease debts	1,778.3	2,129.3	79.4
TOTAL	2,546.5	2,886.7	1,241.4

#### 9.1.6. Effective interest rates

Effective interest rates on Group debt after allowing for hedging instruments were 0.39% in 2020 compared with 0.99% in 2019 and 1.69% in 2018 for short-term marketable instruments.

Medium- to long-term bank loans amounted to €0.0 million compared with €0.0 million at 31 December 2019 and €0.6 million at 31 December 2018.

#### 9.1.7. Average debt interest rates

Average debt interest rates after allowing for hedging instruments break down as follows:

	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Euro (EUR) (1)	- 0.30%	- 0.45%	- 0.45%
US Dollar (USD)	0.90%	2.34%	1.97%

<sup>(1)</sup> The fall in euro interest rates is now reflected by drawdowns of short-term marketable instruments with negative interest rates.

#### 9.1.8. Fair value of borrowings and debt

The fair value of fixed-rate debt is determined for each loan by discounting future cash flows, based on bond yield curves at the balance sheet date, after allowing for the spread corresponding to the Group's risk rating.

The net carrying amount of outstanding bank loans and other floating-rate loans is a reasonable approximation of their fair value.

The fair value of borrowings and debt amounted to €2,546.5 million at 31 December 2020 compared with €2,886.7 million at 31 December 2019 and €1,241.8 million at 31 December 2018.

#### 9.1.9. Debt covered by collateral

No debt was covered by material amounts of collateral at 31 December 2020, 2019 and 2018.

#### 9.1.10. Confirmed credit lines

At 31 December 2020, L'Oréal and its subsidiaries had €5,363.0 million of confirmed undrawn credit lines, compared with €3,801.1 million at 31 December 2019 and €3,643.6 million at 31 December 2018.

The maturities of the credit lines at 31 December 2020 are broken down as follows:

- €3,163.0 million at less than one year;
- €2,200.0 million between one and four years.

#### 9.2. Cash and cash equivalents

	31.12.2020		31.12.2019		31.12.2018	
€ millions	Carrying amount	Acquisition cost	Carrying amount	Acquisition cost	Carrying amount	Acquisition cost
Marketable securities	3,739.9	3,743.5	3,042.4	3,044.6	1,899.8	1,900.5
Bank accounts and other cash and cash equivalents	2,666.0	2,680.5	2,243.6	2,243.6	2,092.2	2,092.2
TOTAL	6,405.9	6,424.0	5,286.0	5,288.2	3,992.0	3,992.7

Marketable securities consist mainly of SICAV money-market funds and unit trusts (on which the return is based on EONIA). They are considered as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Term accounts with a maturity of less than three months at inception are shown on the *Bank accounts and other cash and cash equivalents* line.

#### **9.3.** Non-current financial assets

	31.12.	2020	31.12.	2019	31.12.2	2018
€ millions	Carrying amount	Acquisition cost	Carrying amount	Acquisition cost	Carrying amount	Acquisition cost
Investments in non-consolidated companies						
Sanofi (1)	9,304.5	4,033.5	10,595.5	4,033.5	8,945.0	4,033.5
Unlisted securities (2)	185.2	256.7	94.9	189.2	52.5	147.5
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Non-current loans and receivables	115.1	117.1	129.0	131.4	103.0	105.5
TOTAL	9,604.8	4,407.3	10,819.4	4,354.1	9,100.5	4,286.5

<sup>(1)</sup> L'Oréal's stake in Sanofi was 9.39% at 31 December 2020. The carrying amounts at 31 December 2020, 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018 (€9,304.5 million, €10,595.5 million and €8,945.0 million respectively) correspond to the market value of the shares based on the closing price at each of these dates (€78.70, €89,62 and €75.66, respectively). The acquisition cost of €4,033.5 million corresponds to an entry cost of €34.12. The investment is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

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#### 9.4. Other financial income and expenses

This item is broken down as follows:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Interest component of pension costs	-13.3	-12.3	-7.9
Other financial income and expenses	-23.3	-3.7	-7.1
TOTAL	-36.6	-16.0	-15.0

<sup>(2)</sup> This heading mainly includes:

<sup>•</sup> strategic investments in investment funds measured at fair value through other comprehensive income of which €50 million subscribed over 2020 in the L'Oréal Fund for Nature Regeneration;

<sup>•</sup> securities of our subsidiaries in Venezuela deconsolidated since 31 December 2015, for €94.4 million fully written down. In the absence of specific events, their acquisition cost is deemed to be the best possible estimate of fair value.

# NOTE 10. Derivatives and exposure to market risks

## Accounting principles

Derivative instruments entered into to hedge identifiable foreign exchange and interest rate risks are accounted for in accordance with hedge accounting principles.

Forward foreign exchange contracts and options are put in place in order to hedge items recorded in the balance sheet (fair value hedges) and cash flows on highly probable future commercial transactions (cash flow hedges).

All foreign exchange hedging instruments are recorded on the balance sheet at their market value, including those which relate to purchases and sales in the next accounting period. Hence changes in the fair value of these hedging instruments is recorded as follows:

- changes in the market value linked to variations in the time value of forwards used as hedges are recognised in equity and the amount accumulated in equity impacts the income statement at the date on which the hedged transactions are completed;
- changes in the market value linked to variations in the spot rate between the inception of the hedge and the closing date are charged to equity, and the amount accumulated in equity impacts income statements at the date on which the transactions hedged are completed. Any remaining hedge ineffectiveness is recognised directly in the income statement.

In accordance with hedge accounting, unrealised exchange gains and losses relating to unsold inventories are deferred in the inventories item in the balance sheet. Similarly, if a currency hedge has been taken out in respect of fixed assets purchased with foreign currency, these assets are valued in the balance sheet on the basis of the hedging rate.

The Group may decide to hedge certain investments in foreign companies. Exchange gains or losses relating to these hedges are directly charged to consolidated equity, under the item Cumulative translation adjustments.

With regard to interest rate risk, fixed-rate debt and financial loans hedged by interest rate swaps are valued in the balance sheet at their market value. Changes in the fair value of these items are recorded as finance costs and offset by adjustments to the fair value of the related hedging derivatives. Floating-rate debt and financial loans are valued at cost, which corresponds to their market value. The swaps or caps which hedge these items are valued in the balance sheet at their market value, with changes in value recorded directly through equity on the Other comprehensive income item.

The fair value of interest rate derivative instruments is their market value. This market value is calculated by the discounted cash flow method at the interest rate effective at the closing date.

To manage its exposure to currency and interest rate risks arising in the course of its normal operations, the Group uses derivatives negotiated with counterparties rated investment grade.

In accordance with Group rules, currency and interest rate derivatives are set up exclusively for hedging purposes.

#### **10.1.** Hedging of currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on commercial transactions recorded on the balance sheet and on highly probable future transactions.

The Group's policy regarding its exposure to currency risk on future commercial transactions is to hedge, before the end of the year, a large part of the currency risk for the following year, using derivatives based on operating budgets in each subsidiary.

All the Group's future foreign currency flows are analysed in detailed forecasts for the coming budgetary year. Any currency risks identified are hedged by forward contracts or options in order to reduce as far as possible the currency exposure of each subsidiary. The term of the derivatives is aligned with the Group's settlements. Exchange rate derivatives are negotiated by FINVAL or, in exceptional cases, directly by the Group's subsidiaries. Such transactions are supervised by the Group's Treasury department.

As a non-financial corporation, FINVAL is subject to the European Market Infrastructure Regulations (EMIR). Published by the European Commission in September 2012, EMIR is aimed at moving OTC markets towards a centralised model, thereby enhancing market transparency and regulatory oversight and decreasing systemic risk using a guarantee mechanism. As the Group's companies must borrow and invest their cash in their own currency, the exchange rate risks generated by managing their own cash and debt are almost non-existent.

Owing to the Group's policy of currency risk hedging a large part of annual requirements for the following year before the end of the current year, the sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in foreign exchange rates at 31 December is marginal. The impact of changes in foreign exchange rates on the foreign exchange cash flow hedges reserve is described in note 11.3.

All derivative financial instruments held for currency risk hedging purposes have a maturity of less than 18 months at inception and break down as follows:

		Nominal			Market value	
€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Currency futures						
Purchase of EURO against foreign currencies	2,940.2	2,959.1	2,552.5	95.4	-75.8	-54.8
EUR/CNY	937.5	678.8	452.1	7.0	-5.7	-9.2
EUR/USD	343.5	370.5	319.2	30.2	-3.1	-12.9
EUR/GBP	308.9	241.1	295.5	1.1	-16.4	2.6
EUR/HKD	210.1	166.5	87.6	54.2	-12.8	-22.9
EUR/RUB	186.3	268.2	238.7	10.2	-12.9	5.5
EUR/MXN	137.7	196.6	171.7	-4.1	-6.4	-2.9
EUR/AUD	89.5	93.9	87.8	-3.9	-1.4	1.8
EUR/CAD	71.5	140.0	119.4	1.8	-3.0	2.7
EUR/BRL	70.9	85.4	63.2	0.6	0.0	-4.1
EUR/TRY	65.0	67.9	62.4	-0.2	-3.0	-7.1
EUR/Asia Pacific currencies	291.0	252.5	288.0	4.1	-8.3	-9.4
EUR/Eastern European currencies	20.8	92.5	66.7	0.5	-1.1	-0.7
EUR/Other currencies	207.5	305.2	300.1	-6.1	-1.7	1.7
Purchase of USD against foreign currencies	268.5	414.0	377.9	-12.1	1.2	9.0
USD/Other currencies	148.8	188.9	161.7	-2.8	-1.8	1.5
USD/Latin American currencies	68.3	132.9	126.8	-5.7	4.0	2.1
USD/CAD	51.4	92.2	89.3	-3.6	-1.0	5.3
Sale of USD against foreign currencies	138.1	199.8	185.3	-16.1	-0.7	3.0
USD/Asia Pacific currencies	138.1	199.8	185.3	-16.1	-0.7	3.0
USD/Other currencies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other currency pairs	481.2	727.2	1,073.6	2.7	-4.2	0.8
CURRENCY FUTURES TOTAL	3,828.1	4,300.0	4,189.2	70.0	-79.5	-42.0
Currency options						
EUR/CNY	101.1	63.5	100.9	3.6	1.7	2.3
EUR/RUB	62.2	-	-	7.4	-	
EUR/USD	37.7	40.9	-	2.9	0.7	
EUR/BRL	26.0	9.9	35.4	2.1	0.8	1.8
EUR/MXN	21.8	-	-	0.5	-	
EUR/TRY	9.4	19.7	31.4	1.5	1.2	4.1
EUR/GBP	-	33.3	-	-	0.3	
EUR/Other currencies	-	-	-	-	-	
Other currency pairs	18.6	7.8	22.8	0.6	0.6	0.9
CURRENCIES OPTIONS TOTAL	276.7	175.1	190.6	18.6	5.3	9.1
Of which total options purchased	276.7	175.1	190.6	18.6	5.3	9.1
TOTAL	4,104.8	4,475.2	4,379.8	88.6	-74.2	-32.9

The market values by type of hedging are as follows:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Fair value hedges (1)	20.4	-25.6	-9.7
Cash flow hedges	68.2	-48.6	-23.2
TOTAL	88.6	-74.2	-32.9

<sup>(1)</sup> Fair value hedges relate to currency risks on operating receivables and payables as well as on foreign currency investments and financing.

The fair value of the derivatives is their market value.

The Group has no significant foreign currency exposures that are not hedged in the balance sheet.

## 10.2. Foreign exchange gains and losses

## Accounting principles

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the difference between the value of foreign currency operating

income and expenses translated at the spot rate effective on the transaction date and at the exchange rate effective on the settlement date are recognised directly on the appropriate income and expense lines, after allowing for hedging derivatives.

Foreign exchange gains and losses break down as follows:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Time value	-87.6	-126.9	-76.7
Other foreign exchange gains and losses	94.0	-63.2	87.1
TOTAL	6.4	-190.1	10.4

Foreign currency transactions are translated at the spot rate at the transaction date.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated using the exchange rates effective at the closing date. Foreign exchange gains and losses also include the following items relating to derivative instruments:

 changes in market value linked to variations in the spot rate between the inception of the hedge and the date when the hedged transactions are completed;  residual ineffectiveness linked to excess hedges and recognised directly in the income statement under other foreign exchange gains and losses for €13.3 million,
 €9.2 million and - €4.3 million in 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

These amounts are allocated to the appropriate operating expense items. They are broken down as follows:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Cost of sales	6.4	-161.9	13.2
Research and innovation expenses	-2.1	16.5	-6.2
Advertising and promotion expenses	1.2	-25.5	1.9
Selling, general and administrative expenses	0.9	-19.3	1.6
FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAINS AND LOSSES	6.4	-190.1	10.4

#### 10.3. Hedging of interest rate risk

The Group did not have any interest rate hedging instruments at 31 December 2020, 2019 and 2018.

#### 10.4. Sensitivity to changes in interest rates

An increase of 100 basis points in interest rates would have had a direct positive impact of +656.4 million on the Group's net finance costs at 31 December 2020, compared with a direct positive impact of +645.3 million at 31 December 2019 and a direct positive impact of +628.3 million at 31 December 2018. This calculation allows for cash, cash equivalents and derivatives, and assumes that total net debt/cash remains stable and that fixed-rate debt at maturity is replaced by floating-rate debt.

The impact of a 100 basis point rise in interest rates on the fair value of the Group's fixed-rate financial assets and liabilities, after allowing for any interest rate derivatives, can be estimated at -£1.0 million at 31 December 2020 compared with -£0.9 million at 31 December 2019 and -£0.4 million at 31 December 2018.

#### 10.5. Counterparty risk

The Group has financial relations with international banks rated investment grade by specialised agencies. The Group thus considers that its exposure to counterparty risk is low.

Furthermore, the financial instruments used to manage exchange rate and interest rate risk are issued by leading international banking counterparties.

#### 10.6. Liquidity risk

The Group's liquidity risk can be assessed on the basis of its outstanding short-term debt under its short-term marketable instruments programme. Should these bank facilities not be renewed, the Group would have confirmed undrawn credit lines of €5,363.0 million at 31 December 2020. These lines were not subject to any covenants.

#### 10.7. Shareholding risk

No cash has been invested in shares.

Available cash is invested with top-ranking financial institutions in the form of non-speculative instruments which can be drawn in very short periods. At 31 December 2020, marketable securities consist mainly of unit trusts (note 9.2.).

At 31 December 2020, the Group held 118,227,307 Sanofi shares for an amount of €9,304.5 million (note 9.3.). A change of plus or minus 10% in the market price of these shares relative to the market price of €78.70 on 31 December 2020 would have an impact of plus or minus €930.4 million before tax on Group equity.

The initial share price for Sanofi shares was €34.12.

The shares are valued based on their fair value, and unrealised losses and gains are accounted for through equity in the Other comprehensive income item.

At 31 December 2019, the Group held 118,227,307 Sanofi shares for an amount of  $\[ \in \]$ 10,595.5 million (note 9.3.). A change of plus or minus 10% in the market price of these shares relative to the market price of  $\[ \in \]$ 89.62 on 31 December 2019 would have an impact of plus or minus  $\[ \in \]$ 1,059.5 million before tax on Group equity.

At 31 December 2018, the Group held 118,227,307 Sanofi shares for an amount of €8,945.0 million (note 9.3.). A change of plus or minus 10% in the market price of these shares relative to the market price of €75.66 on 31 December 2018 would have an impact of plus or minus €894.5 million before tax on Group equity.

#### **10.8.** Fair value hierarchy

IFRS 7 requires financial assets and liabilities recognised at fair value in the balance sheet to be classified according to three levels:

- level 1: quoted prices on an active market;
- level 2: valuation techniques using observable inputs;
- level 3: valuation techniques using unobservable inputs.

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value on the balance sheet by level of the fair value hierarchy.

€ millions				
31 December 2020	Leve	1 Level 2	Level 3	Total fair value
Assets at fair value				
Foreign exchange derivatives		183.0		183.0
Sanofi shares	9,304	1.5		9,304.5
Marketable securities	3,739	1.9		3,739.9
TOTAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE	13,044	.4 183.0		13,227.4
Liabilities at fair value				
Foreign exchange derivatives		94.9		94.9
TOTAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE		94.9		84.9
€ millions 31 December 2019	Leve	1 Level 2	Level 3	Total fair value
Assets at fair value				
Foreign exchange derivatives		49.2		49.2
Sanofi shares	10,595	5.5		10,595.5
Marketable securities	3,042	.4		3,042.4
TOTAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE	13,637	.9 49.2		13,687.1
Liabilities at fair value				
Foreign exchange derivatives		123.6		123.6
TOTAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE		- 123.6	-	123.6
€ millions 31 December 2018	Leve	1 Level 2	Level 3	Total fair value
Assets at fair value				
Foreign exchange derivatives		149.6		149.6
Sanofi shares	8,945	5.0		8,945.0
Marketable securities	1,899	2.8		1,899.8
TOTAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE	10,844	.8 149.6		10,994.4
Liabilities at fair value				
Foreign exchange derivatives		182.5		182.5
TOTAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE		- 182.5	-	182.5

#### 10.9. Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities resulting from foreign exchange and/or interest rate hedging transactions entered into with the Group's counterparty banks are not offset in the balance sheet since they are FBF (French Banking Federation) or ISDA (International Swaps and Derivatives Association) agreements that only provide for offsetting in the event of default by one of the parties to the agreement. Accordingly, they do not meet the offsetting criteria set out in IAS 32.

Had the agreements been offset at the level of each counterparty bank, assets and liabilities would have decreased by €75.5 million, €48.8 million and €65.5 million in 2020, 2019 and 2018 respectively.

# NOTE 11. Equity - Earnings per share

#### 11.1. Share capital

Share capital consists of 559,871,580 shares with a par value of €0.20 at 31 December 2020 following the exercise of subscription options for 465,796 shares, the issue of 452,979 shares for the employee shareholding plan and 835,600 free shares.

Share capital consisted of 558,117,205 shares with a par value of &0.20 at 31 December 2019 following the exercise of subscription options for 785,408 shares, the issue of 8 shares for the employee shareholding plan, 706,262 free shares and the cancellation of 3,771,125 shares.

Share capital consisted of 560,396,652 shares with a par value of &0.20 at 31 December 2018, following the exercise of subscription options for 919,474 shares and 993,765 free shares, the cancellation of 2,497,814 shares and the Employee Shareholding Plan for 462,139 shares.

#### **11.2.** Treasury shares

# Accounting principles

Treasury shares are recorded at acquisition cost and deducted from equity. Capital gains/losses on disposal of these items net of tax are charged directly to equity and do not contribute to profit for the financial year.

#### a) 2020

The change in the number of shares in 2020 was as follows:

In shares	Share capital	Treasury shares	Common shares outstanding
At 01.01.2020	558,117,205		558,117,205
Cancellation	-		-
Options and free shares exercised	1,754,375		1,754,375
Treasury shares purchased	-		-
AT 31.12.2020	559,871,580		559,871,580

The change in treasury shares in 2020 was as follows:

In shares	Buyback programme	Allocated to free-share plans	Total	€ millions
At 01.01.2020	-	-	-	-
Cancellation				
Options and free shares exercised				
Treasury shares purchased				
AT 31.12.2020			-	
€ millions	-	-	-	

#### b) 2019

The change in the number of shares in 2019 was as follows:

In shares	Share capital	Treasury shares	Common shares outstanding
At 01.01.2019	560,396,652	-771,125	559,625,527
Cancellation	-3,771,125	3,771,125	
Options and free shares exercised	1,491,678		1,491,678
Treasury shares purchased		-3,000,000	-3,000,000
AT 31.12.2019	558,117,205	-	558,117,205

The change in treasury shares in 2019 was as follows:

In shares	Buyback programme	Allocated to free-share plans	Total	€ millions
At 01.01.2019		771,125	771,125	56.5
Cancellation	-3,000,000	-771,125	-3,771,125	-56.5
Options and free shares exercised				
Treasury shares purchased	3,000,000		3,000,000	
AT 31.12.2019				-
€ millions	-	-	-	

#### c) 2018

The change in the number of shares in 2018 was as follows:

In shares	Share capital	Treasury shares	Common shares outstanding
At 01.01.2018	560,519,088	-771,125	559,747,963
Cancellation	-2,497,814	2,497,814	
Options and free shares exercised	2,375,378		2,375,378
Treasury shares purchased		-2,497,814	-2,497,814
AT 31.12.2018	560,396,652	-771,125	559,625,527

The change in treasury shares in 2018 was as follows:

In shares	Buyback programme	Allocated to free-share plans	Total	€ millions
At 01.01.2018		771,125	771,125	56.5
Cancellation	-2,497,814		-2,497,814	
Options and free shares exercised				
Treasury shares purchased	2,497,814		2,497,814	
At 31.12.2018	-	771,125	771,125	56.5
€ millions	-	56.5	56.5	

## 11.3. Other comprehensive income

The following tables indicate movements in this item:

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Securities at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Reserve at beginning of period	6,562.3	4,911.7	4,461.2
Changes in fair value over period	-1,269.1	1,650.6	450.5
Impairment loss recorded through other comprehensive income	-	-	_
RESERVE AT END OF PERIOD	5,293.2	6,562.3	4,911.7

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€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Cash flow hedges - foreign exchange			
Reserve at beginning of period	44.8	41.7	101.0
Change in accounting policy (1)	-	-	1.0
Changes in fair value over period	78.7	201.8	54.2
Impairment loss recorded through other comprehensive income	50.3	-198.7	-114.5
Deconsolidation	-	-	-
RESERVE AT END OF PERIOD	173.8	44.8	41.7

<sup>(1)</sup> IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (note 1).

The table below shows the impact of an increase or decrease of over 10% in the euro and US dollar against other currencies on the foreign exchange cash flow hedging reserve and the market value of the hedging instruments:

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Impact of a 10% increase in the EUR against all other Group currencies	344.5	323.1	277.8
Impact of a 10% decrease in the EUR against all other Group currencies	-324.2	-301.9	-258.7
Impact of a 10% increase in the USD against key Group currencies	-43.7	-27.0	-16.1
Impact of a 10% decrease in the USD against key Group currencies	54.9	41.2	27.7
€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Cash flow hedges – interest rates			
Reserve at beginning of period	-	-	-
Changes in fair value over period	-	-	
Impairment loss recorded through other comprehensive income	-	-	-
RESERVE AT END OF PERIOD		-	-
€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
€ millions  Actuarial gains/(losses) and impact of asset ceiling	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
	<b>31.12.2020</b> -1,058.2	<b>31.12.2019</b> -730.5	<b>31.12.2018</b> -671.8
Actuarial gains/(losses) and impact of asset ceiling			
Actuarial gains/(losses) and impact of asset ceiling Reserve at beginning of period	-1,058.2	-730.5	-671.8
Actuarial gains/(losses) and impact of asset ceiling  Reserve at beginning of period  Actuarial gains/(losses) over the period	-1,058.2 -224.4	-730.5	-671.8
Actuarial gains/(losses) and impact of asset ceiling  Reserve at beginning of period  Actuarial gains/(losses) over the period  Impact of asset ceiling	-1,058.2 -224.4	-730.5	-671.8 -58.5
Actuarial gains/(losses) and impact of asset ceiling  Reserve at beginning of period  Actuarial gains/(losses) over the period  Impact of asset ceiling  Deconsolidation and other	-1,058.2 -224.4 -1.1	-730.5 -327.7 -	-671.8 -58.5 -
Actuarial gains/(losses) and impact of asset ceiling  Reserve at beginning of period  Actuarial gains/(losses) over the period  Impact of asset ceiling  Deconsolidation and other	-1,058.2 -224.4 -1.1	-730.5 -327.7 -	-671.8 -58.5 -
Actuarial gains/(losses) and impact of asset ceiling  Reserve at beginning of period  Actuarial gains/(losses) over the period  Impact of asset ceiling  Deconsolidation and other  RESERVE AT END OF PERIOD	-1,058.2 -224.4 -1.1 - -1,283.7	-730.5 -327.7 - - -1,058.2	-671.8 -58.5 - -0.2 -730.5
Actuarial gains/(losses) and impact of asset ceiling  Reserve at beginning of period  Actuarial gains/(losses) over the period  Impact of asset ceiling  Deconsolidation and other  RESERVE AT END OF PERIOD	-1,058.2 -224.4 -1.1 - -1,283.7	-730.5 -327.7 - - -1,058.2	-671.8 -58.5 - -0.2 -730.5
Actuarial gains/(losses) and impact of asset ceiling  Reserve at beginning of period  Actuarial gains/(losses) over the period  Impact of asset ceiling  Deconsolidation and other  RESERVE AT END OF PERIOD  € millions  Other comprehensive income	-1,058.2 -224.4 -1.1 - -1,283.7 31.12.2020	-730.5 -327.7 - - -1,058.2 31.12.2019	-671.8 -58.5 - -0.2 -730.5

#### 11.4. Net profit excluding non-recurring items - Earnings per share

# **Accounting Principles**

Earnings per share are calculated in accordance with the rules set out in IAS 33.

Basic earnings per share are obtained on the basis of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year, less the average number of treasury shares held deducted from equity.

Where applicable, diluted earnings per share take into account dilutive stock options and free shares in accordance with the "treasury share method", under which sums collected on exercise or purchase are assumed to be allocated firstly to share buybacks at market price.

#### 11.4.1. Reconciliation with net profit

Net profit excluding non-recurring items reconciles as follows with net profit attributable to owners of the company:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Net profit attributable to owners of the company	3,563.4	3,750.0	3,895.4
Capital gains and losses on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	3.5	-14.0	-2.7
Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	89.8	142.8	-
Restructuring costs	382.1	120.2	85.1
Other	233.5	187.5	12.3
Tax effect on non-recurring items	-161.5	165.0	-25.1
Non-controlling interests on non-recurring items	-	-0.1	-
Tax effect on acquisitions and internal restructuring	-11.8	5.5	32.7
Impact of the decrease in the US tax rate	-		-10.1
NET PROFIT EXCLUDING NON-RECURRING ITEMS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	4,099.0	4,356.9	3,987.6

#### 11.4.2. Earnings per share attributable to owners of the company

The tables below set out earnings per share attributable to owners of the company:

2020	Net profit attributable to owners of the company(€ millions)	Number of shares	Earnings per share attributable to owners of the company (€)
Earnings per share	3,563.4	559,101,322	6.37
Stock options	-	274,942	-
Free shares	-	2,259,699	-
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	3,563.4	561,635,963	6.34
2019	Net profit attributable to owners of the company (€ millions)	Number of shares	Earnings per share attributable toowners of the company $(\epsilon)$
Earnings per share	3,750.0	559,739,718	6.70
Stock options	-	666,108	-
Free shares	-	2,407,303	-
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	3,750.0	562,813,129	6.66
2018	Net profit attributable to owners of the company (€ millions)	Number of shares	Earnings per share attributable to owners of the company $(\mathcal{\epsilon})$
Earnings per share	3,895.4	559,603,188	6.96
Stock options	-	1,155,173	-
Free shares	-	2,340,145	-
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	3,895.4	563,098,506	6.92

## 11.4.3. Earnings per share excluding non-recurring items

The tables below set out earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company excluding non-recurring items:

2020	Net profit attributable to owners of the company excluding non-recurring items (€ millions)	Number of shares	Earnings per share attributable to owners of the company excluding non-recurring items $(\mathcal{E})$
Earnings per share excluding non-recurring items	4,099.0	559,101,322	7.33
Stock options	-	274,942	-
Free shares	-	2,259,699	-
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE EXCLUDING NON- RECURRING ITEMS	4,099.0	561,635,963	7.30
2019	Net profit attributable to owners of the company excluding non-recurring items (€ millions)	Number of shares	Earnings per share attributable to owners of the company excluding non-recurring items $(\not\in)$
Earnings per share excluding non-recurring items	4,356.9	559,739,718	7.78
Stock options	-	666,108	-
Free shares	-	2,407,303	-
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE EXCLUDING NON- RECURRING ITEMS	4,356.9	562,813,129	7.74
2018	Net profit attributable to owners of the company excluding non-recurring items (€ millions)	Number of shares	Earnings per share attributable to owners of the company excluding non-recurring items $(\epsilon)$
Earnings per share excluding non-recurring items	3,987.6	559,603,188	7.13
Stock options	-	1,155,173	-
Free shares	-	2,340,145	-
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE EXCLUDING NON- RECURRING ITEMS	3,987.6	563,098,506	7.08

#### 11.4.4. Calculation of the number of shares

All potential ordinary shares are included in the calculation of earnings per share since all stock option plans have a dilutive impact on the periods presented.

At 31 December 2020, 55,469,643 shares had been held in registered form for two years making them eligible for the 10% preferential dividend.

# 5.

# NOTE 12. Provisions for liabilities and charges – Contingent liabilities and material ongoing disputes

#### **12.1.** Provisions for liabilities and charges

# Accounting principles

Provisions for liabilities and charges are set up to cover probable outflows for the benefit of third parties without any equivalent consideration being received by the Group in return. They mainly relate to restructuring costs, industrial, environmental and commercial risks relating to operations such as breach of contract, product returns, and employee-related risks.

These provisions are estimated on the basis of the most likely assumptions or by using statistical methods, depending on the nature of the risks.

Provisions for liabilities and charges are recorded either as *Non-current liabilities* or as *Current liabilities*, depending on their type. Provisions for liabilities or disputes which must be settled within 12 months of the closing date, and those linked to the normal operating cycle (such as product returns), are recorded as Current liabilities. Other provisions for liabilities and charges are recorded as Non-current liabilities.

#### 12.1.1. Closing balances

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Provisions for liabilities and charges	56.8	56.9	47.6
Non-current provisions (1)	56.8	56.9	47.6
Current provisions for liabilities and charges	1,224.7	1,117.8	979.8
Provisions for restructuring	235.1	112.9	102.1
Provisions for product returns	352.4	351.1	316.8
Other current provisions (1)	637.3	653.7	560.9
TOTAL	1,281.6	1,174.7	1,027.4

<sup>(1)</sup> This item notably includes provisions for industrial, environmental and commercial risks relating to operations (breach of contract), personnel costs, investments in associates when the Group's share in the net asset is negative, as well as risks relating to investigations carried out by competition authorities (note 12.2.2.a and b).

#### 12.1.2. Changes in provisions for liabilities and charges during the period

The change in this caption in 2020 can be analysed as follows:

_€ millions	31.12.2018	31.12.2019	Charges (2)	Reversals (used) <sup>(2)</sup>	Reversals (not used) (2)	Other (1)	31.12.2020
Provisions for restructuring	102.1	112.9	261.9	-110.9	-15.7	-13.1	235.1
Provisions for product returns	316.8	351.1	300.4	-227.0	-49.4	-22.7	352.4
Other provisions for liabilities and charges	608.5	710.7	219.0	-133.8	-58.8	-43.0	694.1
TOTAL	1,027.4	1,174.7	781.3	-471.7	-123.9	-78.8	1,281.6

<sup>(1)</sup> Mainly resulting from translation differences.

<sup>(2)</sup> These figures can be analysed as follows:

€ millions	Charges	Reversals (used)	Reversals (not used)
Operating profit	498.8	-357.6	-108.1
Other income and expenses	282.5	-114.1	-15.8
Net financial income	-	-	-

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The change in this caption in 2019 can be analysed as follows:

€ millions	31.12.2017	31.12.2018	Charges (2)	Reversals (used) <sup>(2)</sup>	Reversals (not used) <sup>(2)</sup>	Other (1)	31.12.2019
Provisions for restructuring	146.0	102.1	89.1	-58.7	-13.3	-6.4	112.9
Provisions for product returns	303.6	316.8	301.0	-233.6	-38.6	5.5	351.1
Other provisions for liabilities and charges	623.6	608.5	278.9	-127.7	-62.2	13.2	710.7
TOTAL	1,073.2	1,027.4	669.0	-420.0	-114.1	12.4	1,174.7

- (1) Mainly resulting from translation differences.
- (2) These figures can be analysed as follows:

€ millions	Charges	Reversals (used)	Reversals (not used)
Operating profit	530.7	-360.0	-100.8
Other income and expenses	138.3	-60.0	-13.3
Net financial income	-	-	-

The change in this caption in 2018 can be analysed as follows:

€ millions	31.12.2016	31.12.2017	Charges (2)	Reversals (used) (2)	Reversals (not used) <sup>(2)</sup>	Other (1)	31.12.2018
Provisions for restructuring	47.5	146.0	48.7	-83.7	-7.5	-1.4	102.1
Provisions for product returns	323.4	303.6	294.7	-248.3	-39.3	6.0	316.8
Other provisions for liabilities and charges	559.1	623.6	287.8	-130.8	-167.3	-4.8	608.5
TOTAL	930.0	1,073.2	631.2	-462.8	-214.1	-0.1	1,027.4

- (1) Mainly resulting from translation differences.
- (2) These figures can be analysed as follows:

€ millions	Charges	Reversals (used)	Reversals (not used)
Operating profit*	580.5	-356.1	-191.8
Other income and expenses	50.7	-106.7	-7.6
Net financial income*	-	-	-14.8

<sup>\*</sup> Including dispute on IPI, with an increase of €46.9 million and a reversal without cost of €114.3 million under operating and €14.8 million under financial (see note 12.2.1.).

#### **12.2.** Contingent liabilities and material ongoing disputes

L'Oréal is party to several material disputes, described below:

#### 12.2.1. Tax disputes

#### Brazil - IPI indirect tax base challenged

In January 2015, decree 8.393/2015 stated that commercial companies in Brazil would be liable for the indirect IPI tax on certain products as from 1 May 2015. L'Oréal is challenging the legal grounds of this decree and its application. In light of changes in market practices and a favourable change in the opinion of its advisers, since 1 January 2018 L'Oréal has recognised the IPI collected under income and the provision that had been funded was accordingly reversed in 2018.

L'Oréal received tax reassessment notices regarding the indirect IPI tax for financial years 2008 and 2011 to 2015 totalling €505 million, including interest and penalties. The Brazilian tax authorities are questioning the ex-works sales price to the commercial arm used to calculate the IPI tax base. After consulting with its tax advisors, L'Oréal considers that the Brazilian tax authorities' position is unfounded and has challenged these notices. L'Oréal continues its legal proceedings with the tax and legal authorities.

In light of the negative developments in administrative court decisions on the same matter for other Brazilian groups, L'Oréal funded a provision to partially cover this risk using the average prices applied by its subsidiaries as a basis for tax and not its whole third party net sales.

# India – Advertising, marketing and promotional costs challenged

L'Oréal received several tax reassessment notices regarding financial years 2007/08 to 2015/16 for the most part concerning the tax deductibility of advertising, marketing and promotional expenses for a total amount of €162.4 million, including interest and penalties. After consulting with its tax advisors, L'Oréal decided to contest these notices and continues the legal proceedings with the administrative and legal authorities.

#### **Europe - Mutual agreement procedures**

Mutual agreement procedures were instigated vis-à-vis the Italian, French and Spanish tax authorities in order to eliminate double taxation following disagreements between these authorities.

# 12.2.2. Investigations carried out by the competition authorities

The national competition authorities in several European countries have launched investigations targeting the cosmetics industry in particular.

#### a) Europe (excluding France)

In Greece, in its decision passed down on 4 October 2017, the Greek competition authority condemned L'Oréal Hellas to pay a fine of €2.6 million for carrying out anti-competitive practices in 2005-2006. L'Oréal Hellas refuted all allegations of having engaged in anti-competitive practices with other luxury cosmetics manufacturers. The Greek Administrative Court of Appeal quashed this decision on 5 November 2018. The Greek competition authority lodged an appeal in cassation against this decision on 28 January 2019 and a hearing before the Council of State, which was postponed on numerous occasions, was finally held on 17 November 2020. The decision should be handed down at the end of 2021.

In Germany, after the German competition authority filed a lawsuit in 2008 in the area of personal care products, which was definitively closed in 2015, distributors filed a lawsuit seeking damages against L'Oréal Germany which has resulted in dismissals by the courts at this stage. These proceedings are still ongoing. L'Oréal Germany is contesting the merits of these claims and denies that any damages occurred.

#### b) France

In France, on 18 December 2014, the French competition authority handed down a fine of €189.5 million against L'Oréal in the hygiene products sector for events that took place in the early 2000s. On 27 October 2016, the Paris Court of Appeal upheld the first instance decision. L'Oréal refutes all accusations of concerted practices with its competitors and regrets that the French competition authority did not take into account the highly competitive French market in household and hygiene products as illustrated by the number of manufacturers and retailers present on the market, the large choice of products available to consumers, and the high degree of innovation and number of product launches.

Following an appeal lodged by L'Oréal, on 27 March 2019, the Court of Cassation partially overturned the ruling relating to the amount of the fine imposed on L'Oréal. On 18 June 2020, the Second Court of Appeal confirmed the initial amount of the fine. L'Oréal lodged a second appeal with the Court of Cassation against this ruling. The decision should be handed down at the end of 2021.

It should be noted that since the appeal and cassation appeal do not entail a stay in the judgement, the fine provisioned at the end of 2014 was paid on 28 April 2015.

At 31 December 2020, the provision was maintained in liabilities and the payment recognised in Other current assets.

Following this ruling, the distributors filed lawsuits for damages against L'Oréal. These proceedings are in initial stages. L'Oréal contests the merits of these claims and denies that any damages occurred.

A provision has been set aside for all disputes still in progress at 31 December 2020 amounting to €189.5 million at year-end, unchanged from €189.5 million at end-2019 and €189.5 million at end-2018.

At the present time, no other exceptional events or disputes are highly likely to have a material impact on the earnings, financial situation, assets, or operations of the Company or the L'Oréal Group.

# NOTE 13. Off-balance sheet commitments

#### 13.1. Lease commitments

These amounted to €257.5 million at 31 December 2020 compared with €230,7 million at 31 December 2019 and €2,582.1 million at 31 December 2018, of which:

- €44.3 million was due within one year at 31 December 2020, compared with €41.8 million at 31 December 2019 and €512.4 million at 31 December 2018;
- €72.3 million was due within one to five years at 31 December 2020, compared with €48.5 million at 31 December 2019 and €1,422.8 million at 31 December 2018;
- €140.9 million was due in over five years at 31 December 2020, compared with €140.4 million at 31 December 2019 and €646.9 million at 31 December 2018.

#### **13.2.** Other off-balance sheet commitments

Confirmed credit lines are discussed in note 9.1.10.

Other significant off-balance sheet commitments have been identified and measured. They chiefly fall due within one year and are as follows:

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Guarantees given (1)	326.5	398.5	380.8
Guarantees received	73.6	80.3	63.7
Capital expenditure orders (2)	255.6	329.6	303.2
Firm purchase commitments under logistics supply contracts	972.8	871.0	932.8

<sup>(1)</sup> These consist mainly of guarantees given to governmental bodies or concerning loans granted to third parties who are partners of the Group, and the net commitment toward the L'Oréal Foundation for its long-term action programme and residual commitment to pay into the fund dedicated to rebuilding the Notre-Dame Cathedral.

#### **13.3.** Environmental risks

The Group strictly complies with regulations and laws relating to environmental protection, and does not expect that they will have any significant impact on the future operations, financial situation, earnings or assets.

The risks identified at 31 December 2020 are not material.

## NOTE 14. Transactions with related parties

#### **14.1.** Transactions with associated companies (Related parties)

Equity-accounted companies include joint ventures only.

The consolidated financial statements include transactions carried out between the Group and its equity-accounted companies, considered to be related parties. The main transactions with these related parties and the associated outstanding balances are as follows:

€ millions	2020	2019	2018
Sales of goods and services	-	-	0.1
Financial expenses and income	-	-	-

The following receivables and payables were recorded on the balance sheet for the related parties:

€ millions	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Operating receivables	-	0.0	0.1
Operating payables	-	0.1	0.1
Financial receivables	0.1	0.1	0.1

#### **14.2.** Related parties with a significant influence on the Group

L'Oréal was informed that on 16 December 2016, the members of the Bettencourt Meyers family group, and Mr. Jean-Paul Agon for 100 shares, signed lock-up agreements under the Dutreil law for 185,704,189 L'Oréal shares representing 33.065% of the capital and of the voting rights of the Company on the date of the agreement.

The lock-up agreements were concluded in application of Articles 787 B and 885 I *bis* of the French General Tax Code for a period of two years, tacitly renewable for one-year periods. They do not include any preferential rights for sales or acquisitions for the benefit of the signatories and do not constitute a concerted action vis-à-vis the Company.

In 2020, no significant transactions were carried out with a member of senior management or a shareholder with a significant influence, except for the operation above.

<sup>(2)</sup> Despite their strategic nature, none of these investments taken individually is material enough at Group level to warrant more detailed disclosure.

# NOTE 15. Fees accruing to auditors and members of their networks payable by the Group

## FEES FOR THE 2020 FINANCIAL YEAR

	Pricewater	houseCoc	pers Audit		Deloi	Deloitte & Asso		
	Auditor PricewaterhouseC Audit	oopers	Netw	ork .	Auditor Deloitte & Assoc	ciés	Netw	ork/
€ millions excl. VAT	Amount	As a %	Amount	As a %	Amount	As a %	Amount	As a %
Review of interim, company and consolidated financial statements								
L'Oréal	1.1	50%	n/a	n/a	1.4	57%	n/a	n/a
Fully consolidated subsidiaries	0.8	36%	3.9	40%	0.6	24%	4.7	94%
Subtotal	1.9	86%	3.9	40%	2.0	81%	4.7	94%
Non-audit services (1)								
L'Oréal	0.3	14%	3.3	32%	0.4	19%	0.0	0%
Fully consolidated subsidiaries	0.0	0%	2.9	28%	0.0	0%	0.3	6%
Subtotal	0.3	14%	6.2	60%	0.4	19%	0.3	6%
TOTAL	2.2	100.0%	10.2	100.0%	2.4	100.0%	5.0	100.0%

<sup>(1)</sup> Mainly concerning acquisition audits.

## FEES FOR THE 2019 FINANCIAL YEAR

	Pricewater	houseCoo	pers Audit		Deloi	Deloitte & Associés			
	Auditor PricewaterhouseC Audit	oopers	Netw	ork .	Auditor Deloitte & Assoc	ciés	Netw	ork/	
€ millions excl. VAT	Amount	As a %	Amount	As a %	Amount	As a %	Amount	As a %	
Review of interim, company and consolidated financial statements									
L'Oréal	1.1	50%	n/a	n/a	1.4	57%	n/a	n/a	
Fully consolidated subsidiaries	0.8	36%	4.0	41%	0.7	28%	4.7	93%	
Subtotal	1.9	86%	4.0	41%	2.1	85%	4.7	93%	
Non-audit services (1)									
L'Oréal	0.3	13%	2.6	27%	0.3	14%	-	-	
Fully consolidated subsidiaries	0.0	1%	3.2	32%	0.0	0%	0.4	7%	
Subtotal	0.3	14%	5.8	59%	0.3	15%	0.4	7%	
TOTAL	2.2	100.0%	9.8	100.0%	2.4	100.0%	5.1	100.0%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Mainly concerning acquisition audits.

#### **2020 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

## NOTE 16. Acquisition/disposal in progress

On 11 December 2020, L'Oréal announced its intention to sell the Cosmeurop production site, located in Strasbourg, France, to the Superga group.

## NOTE 17. Subsequent events

On 23 December 2020, L'Oréal announced that it had signed an agreement to acquire the Japanese company Takami Co. This company develops and markets under licence products from the Takami skincare brand, owned by Dr. Hiroshi Takami, the founder of the two eponymous dermatology clinics in Tokyo. At the same time, L'Oréal also renewed the brand licensing agreement with Dr. Takami for a very long period and signed a collaboration agreement with the Takami clinics. This acquisition was finalised on 1 February 2021.

No other significant events took place between the balance sheet date and the date of issue of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

# 5.7. CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

# **5.7.1.** Fully consolidated companies

Company	Head office	% interest
ATELIER COLOGNE (as a sub-group)	France	100.00
AZZARO MUGLER BEAUTÉ FRANCE	France	100.00
AZZARO MUGLER BEAUTÉ UK LIMITED	United Kingdom	100.00
BCI BIO COSMETICS INTERNATIONAL GMBH	Germany	100.00
BEAUTÉ, RECHERCHE & INDUSTRIES	France	100.00
BEAUTYCOS INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LIMITED	China	100.00
BEAUTYLUX INTERNATIONAL COSMETICS (SHANGHAI) CO LTD	China	100.00
BIOTHERM	Monaco	99.80
BOLD BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES FOR L'ORÉAL DEVELOPMENT	France	100.00
CANAN KOZMETIK SANAYI VE TICARET A.S.	Turkey	100.00
CENTRE LOGISTIQUE D'ESSIGNY OU CLOE	France	100.00
CENTRE THERMAL DE LA ROCHE-POSAY	France	100.00
COBELSA COSMETICOS, S.A.	Spain	100.00
COLORIGHT LTD	Israel	100.00
COMPAGNIE THERMALE HOTELIERE ET FINANCIERE – C.T.H.F.	France	99.98
COMPTOIR LAINIER AFRICAIN	Morocco	100.00
COSBEL S.A. DE C.V.	Mexico	100.00
COSMELOR LTD	Japan	100.00
COSMEPHIL HOLDINGS CORPORATION PHILIPPINES	The Philippines	100.00
COSMETIL	Morocco	49.80
COSMETIQUE ACTIVE INTERNATIONAL - CAI	France	100.00
COSMETIQUE ACTIVE PRODUCTION - C.A.P.	France	100.00
COSMEUROP	France	100.00
DIGIT INVEST IMMOBILIER	France	100.00
EGYPTELOR LLC	Egypt	100.00
ELEBELLE (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED	South Africa	100.00
EPISKIN	France	99.89
EPISKIN BRASIL BIOTECNOLOGIA EIRELI	Brazil	99.89
ERWITON S.A.	Uruguay	100.00
FAPAGAU & CIE	France	100.00
FAPROREAL	France	100.00
FINVAL	France	100.00
FITNE GESUNDHEIT UND WELLNESS GMBH	Germany	100.00
FRABEL S.A. DE C.V.	Mexico	100.00
GEMEY PARIS - MAYBELLINE NEW YORK	France	100.00
GUANGZHOU L'OREAL BUYCOOR INTERNET SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	China	100.00
HELENA RUBINSTEIN ITALIA S.P.A.	Italy	100.00
HOLDIAL	France	100.00
INTERBEAUTY COSMETICS LTD	Israel	92.97
INTERBEAUTY PRODUCTS LIMITED	Kenya	100.00
JSC L'OREAL	Russia	100.00
KOSMEPOL SP. Z.O.O.	Poland	100.00
L & J RE	France	100.00
L'OREAL TRAVEL RETAIL AMERICAS, INC.	USA	100.00
LA ROCHE-POSAY LABORATOIRE DERMATOLOGIQUE	France	99.98
LABORATOIRE SANOFLORE	France	100.00
LABORATORIOS DE COSMETICOS VOGUE S.A.S.	Colombia	100.00
LIBRAMONT ENERGIES VERTES - LEV	Belgium	100.00
LOA1	France	100.00
LOA3	France	100.00
LOA6	France	100.00
LOA10	France	100.00
LOGISTICA 93 S.R.L.	Italy	100.00
LOGO-BAU GMBH & CO GRÜNDSTÜCKSVERWALTUNGS KG	Germany	100.00
LOCO DI NO CIVIDITI A CO CINCIADATOCIONEN ENVALIDIAGO NO	Gennary	100.00

Company	Head office	% interest
LOGO-BAU VERWALTUNGS GMBH	Germany	100.00
LOGOCOS NATURKOSMETIK AG	Germany	100.00
L'OREAL (CHINA) CO. LTD	China	100.00
L'OREAL (THAILAND) LIMITED	Thailand	100.00
L'OREAL (UK) LIMITED	United Kingdom	100.00
L'OREAL ADRIA D.O.O.	Croatia	100.00
L'OREAL ARGENTINA SOCIEDAD ANONIMA	Argentina	100.00
L'OREAL AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Australia	100.00
L'OREAL BALKAN D.O.O.	Serbia	100.00
L'OREAL BALTIC SIA	Latvia	100.00
L'OREAL BANGLADESH LIMITED	Bangladesh	100.00
L'OREAL BELGILUX S.A.	Belgium	100.00
L'OREAL BRASIL COMERCIAL DE COSMETICOS LTDA	Brazil	100.00
L'OREAL BRASIL PESQUISAS E INOVACAO LTDA	Brazil	100.00
L'OREAL BULGARIA EOOD	Bulgaria	100.00
L'OREAL CANADA, INC.	Canada	100.00
L'OREAL CENTRAL AMERICA S.A.	Panama	100.00
L'OREAL CENTRAL WEST AFRICA LTD	Nigeria	100.00
L'OREAL CESKA REPUBLIKA S.R.O.	Czech Republic	100.00
L'OREAL CHILE S.A.	Chile	100.00
L'OREAL COLOMBIA S.A.S.	Colombia	100.00
L'OREAL COSMETICS INDUSTRY S.A.E.	Egypt	100.00
L'OREAL COTE D'IVOIRE	lvory Coast	100.00
L'OREAL DANMARK A/S	Denmark	100.00
L'OREAL DEUTSCHLAND GMBH	Germany	100.00
L'OREAL EAST AFRICA LIMITED	Kenya	100.00
L'OREAL ECUADOR S.A.	Ecuador	100.00
L'OREAL EGYPT LLC		100.00
L'OREAL ESPANA S.A.	Egypt	100.00
	Spain	
L'OREAL FINLAND OY	Finland Guatemala	100.00
L'OREAL HELLAS CA		
L'OREAL HONG VONG LIMITED	Greece	100.00
L'OREAL HONG KONG LIMITED	Hong Kong	100.00
L'OREAL INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	India The North and are the	100.00
L'OREAL INVESTMENTS B.V.	The Netherlands	100.00
L'OREAL ITALIA S.P.A.	Italy	100.00
L'OREAL KAZAKHSTAN LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP	Kazakhstan	100.00
L'OREAL KOREA LIMITED	Korea	100.00
L'OREAL LIBAN SAL	Lebanon	99.98
L'OREAL LIBRAMONT	Belgium	100.00
L'OREAL MAGYARORSZAG KOZMETIKAI KFT	Hungary	100.00
L'OREAL MALAYSIA SDN BHD	Malaysia	100.00
L'OREAL MANUFACTURING MIDRAND (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED	South Africa	100.00
L'OREAL MAROC	Morocco	50.00
L'OREAL MEXICO S.A. DE C.V.	Mexico	100.00
L'OREAL MEXICO SERVICIOS S.A. DE C.V.	Mexico	100.00
L'OREAL MIDDLE EAST	United Arab Emirates	100.00
L'OREAL NEDERLAND B.V.	The Netherlands	100.00
L'OREAL NEW ZEALAND LIMITED	New Zealand	100.00
L'OREAL NORGE A/S	Norway	100.00
L'OREAL ÖSTERREICH GMBH	Austria	100.00
L'OREAL PAKISTAN PRIVATE LIMITED	Pakistan	100.00
L'OREAL PANAMA COMERCIAL S.A.	Panama	100.00
L'OREAL PANAMA S.A.	Panama	100.00
L'OREAL PERU S.A.	Peru	100.00
L'OREAL PHILIPPINES, INC.	The Philippines	100.00
L'OREAL POLSKA SP. Z.O.O.	Poland	100.00
L'OREAL PORTUGAL UNIPESSOAL, LDA	Portugal	100.00
L'OREAL PRODUITS DE LUXE INTERNATIONAL	France	100.00
		100.00

Company	Head office	% interest
L'OREAL PRODUKTION DEUTSCHLAND GMBH & CO KG	Germany	100.00
L'OREAL ROMANIA SRL	Romania	100.00
L'OREAL SAIPO INDUSTRIALE S.P.A.	Italy	100.00
L'OREAL SAUDI ARABIA	Saudi Arabia	75.00
L'OREAL SINGAPORE PTE LTD	Singapore	100.00
L'OREAL SLOVENIJA KOZMETIKA D.O.O.	Slovenia	100.00
L'OREAL SLP S.A. DE C.V.	Mexico	100.00
L'OREAL SOUTH AFRICA HOLDINGS (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED	South Africa	100.00
L'OREAL SUISSE S.A.	Switzerland	100.00
L'OREAL SVERIGE AB	Sweden	100.00
L'OREAL TAIWAN CO., LTD.	Taiwan	100.00
L'OREAL TÜRKIYE KOZMETIK SANAYI VE TICARET ANONIM SIRKETI	Turkey	100.00
L'OREAL UAE GENERAL TRADING LLC	United Arab Emirates	100.00
L'OREAL UKRAINE	Ukraine	100.00
L'OREAL URUGUAY S.A.	Uruguay	100.00
L'OREAL USA, INC. (as a sub-group)	USA	100.00
L'OREAL VERWALTUNGS GMBH	Germany	100.00
L'OREAL VIETNAM CO. LTD	Vietnam	100.00
L'OREAL WEST AFRICA LIMITED	Ghana	100.00
MAGIC HOLDINGS (as a sub-group)	China	100.00
MASRELOR LLC	Egypt	100.00
MATRIX DISTRIBUTION GMBH	Germany	100.00
MODIFACE INC.	Canada	100.00
MUGLER FASHION	France	100.00
NANDA CO. LTD	Korea	100.00
NANDA JAPAN K.K.	Japan	100.00
NIHON L'OREAL KABUSHIKI KAISHA	Japan	100.00
NLO KABUSHIKI KAISHA	Japan	100.00
NOVEAL	France	100.00
NYX PROFESSIONAL MAKEUP SPRL/BVBA	Belgium	100.00
P.T. L'OREAL INDONESIA	Indonesia	100.00
P.T. YASULOR INDONESIA	Indonesia	100.00
PRESTIGE ET COLLECTIONS INTERNATIONAL	France	100.00
PROCOSA PRODUCTOS DE BELEZA LTDA	Brazil	100.00
PRODUCTOS CAPILARES L'OREAL S.A.	Spain	100.00
REAL CAMPUS BY L'OREAL	France	100.00
REDKEN FRANCE	France	100.00
RETAIL EXCELLENCE 4	France	100.00
SCENTAL LIMITED	Hong Kong	100.00
SHANGHAI EPISKIN BIOTECHNOLOGY CO. LTD	China	99.89
SHANGHAI L'OREAL INTERNATIONAL TRADING CO. LTD	China	100.00
SHU UEMURA COSMETICS INC.	Japan	100.00
SICOS & CIE	France	100.00
SLP ASISTENCIA S.A. DE C.V.	Mexico	100.00
SOCIETE HYDROMINERALE DE LA ROCHE-POSAY	France	99.98
SOPROCOS	France	100.00
SOPROREAL	France	100.00
SPARLYS	France	100.00
THERMES DE SAINT-GERVAIS-LES-BAINS LE FAYET	France	100.00
YICHANG TIANMEI INTERNATIONAL COSMETICS CO LTD	China	100.00

# **5.7.2.** Equity-accounted companies

Company	Head office	% interest
INNEOV ARGENTINA S.A.	Argentina	50.00 <sup>(1)</sup>
INNEOV DEUTSCHLAND GmbH	Germany	50.00 (1)
INNEOV HELLAS A.E.	Greece	50.00 (1)
INNEOV MEXICO S.A. DE C.V.	Mexico	50.00 <sup>(1)</sup>
INNEOV TAIWAN CO. LTD	Taiwan	50.00 (1)
LIPP DISTRIBUTION	Tunisia	49.00
NUTRICOS TECHNOLOGIES	France	50.00 (1)
SCI GOLF DU CONNETABLE	France	38.12

<sup>(1)</sup> Companies jointly owned with Nestlé.